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3 ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES

FOR THE YEAR 1895.

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE MARCH 25, 1896.

WYNKOOP HALLENBECK CRAWFORD CO.,

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1896.



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STATE OF NEW YORK.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS

OF THE

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

1896.

MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR AND SENATE.

First Judicial District... WM. R. STEWART, 54 William street, New York.

New York County..... STEPHEN SMITH, 574 Madison avenue, New York.

(Under chapter 571, Laws of 1873.)

New York County..... MRS. BEEKMAN DE PEYSTER, 101 West Eighty-first street, New York.

(Under chapter 571, Laws of 1873.)

Second Judicial District.. EDWARD H. LITCHFIELD, 2 Montague terrace, Brooklyn.

Kings County..... TUNIS G. BERGEN, 74 Willow street, Brooklyn.

(Under chapter 571, Laws of 1873.)

Third Judicial District.. SELDEN E. MARVIN, 344 State street, Albany.

Fourth Judicial District.. EDWARD W. FOSTER, Potsdam, St. Lawrence county.

Fifth Judicial District... ROBERT MCCARTHY, Syracuse.

Sixth Judicial District... PETER WALRATH, Chittenango, Madison county.

Seventh Judicial District. E. V. STODDARD, 62 State street, Rochester.

Eighth Judicial District. WILLIAM P. LETCHWORTH, Buffalo.

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM R. STEWART..... *President.*

ENOCH VINE STODDARD..... *Vice-President.*

CHARLES S. HOYT..... *Superintendent of State and
Alien Poor.*

JAMES O. FANNING..... *Inspector of Charities.*

EDMUND LYON..... *Secretary.*

Office of the Board: CAPITOL, ALBANY.

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tions for idiots, for epileptics, poor-houses, almshouses, orphan asylums, and all asylums, hospitals (except hospitals, houses and retreats for the insane) and institutions, societies and associations, whether State, county, municipal, incorporated, or not incorporated, private or otherwise, which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, reformatory, or correctional character or design.

No poorhouse can be built or reconstructed, in whole or in part, except on plans and designs approved in writing by the State Board of Charities.

The Board may, by order, direct an investigation by a committee of one or more of its members, of the affairs and management of any institution, society or association, subject to its supervision, or of the conduct of its officers and employes, and the commissioner or commissioners, so designated to make such investigation, are hereby empowered to issue compulsory process for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, to administer oaths, and to examine persons under oath, and to exercise the same powers as belong to referees appointed by the Supreme Court. The Board is also empowered to enforce its recommendations by summary legal process.

Jurisdiction of the State Board of Charities.

By article VIII of the Constitution, the State Board of Charities is made the residuary recipient of the right of visitation and inspection of all institutions of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, after excepting the institutions which are subject to the State Commission in Lunacy, and the State Commission of Prisons. It was evidently the intent of the framers of the Constitution that these three supervisory

the State Board of Charities and then under that of the State Commission of Prisons.

As the welfare of juvenile delinquents is generally intrusted to the care of this Board, and as there are always such persons detained in these institutions, it is not fitting or proper that this Board should be compelled to surrender supervision and oversight for the simple reason that one or more of the inmates have passed beyond the age of 21 years. This matter is presented with the suggestion that it might be desirable to enter into some arrangement with the State Commission of Prisons whereby there shall be exercised by the two bodies a concurrent jurisdiction over the institutions above mentioned, or else to take steps looking to the ultimate separation of juvenile and adult females, by placing them in institutions exclusively devoted to a single class.

Membership of the Board.

On January 30, 1895, Tunis G. Bergen, Esq., of Brooklyn, was appointed in place of Hon. Carll H. De Silver, whose resignation was filed May 3, 1893; and on March 27, 1895, Gen. Selden E. Marvin, of Albany, was appointed to fill the vacancy created by the expiration of the term of office of Hon. John H. Van Antwerp. These were the only changes in the personnel of the Board during the past year. The following table gives a complete list of the commissioners who were members of the Board during the year 1895, together with their years of service and their attendance at the stated and special meetings of the Board:

Standing Committees of the Board.**STATED.**

On Annual Report — The President, Commissioners Stoddard, Letchworth, Litchfield and Smith.

On Finance — The President (ex officio) and Commissioner Marvin.

On Inspection of Charities — Commissioners Stoddard, Smith and Bergen.

On State and Alien Poor — Commissioners Letchworth, Walrath and Foster.

ADDITIONAL.

On Construction of Buildings — Commissioners Litchfield, Smith and Marvin.

On Hospitals — Commissioners Smith, Stoddard and Bergen.

On Idiots and Feeble-minded — Commissioners Walrath, Stoddard and Marvin.

On Legislation — Commissioners Bergen, Marvin and Stoddard.

On Organization — Commissioners Stoddard, Smith and Letchworth.

On Orphan Asylums and Children's Homes — Commissioners Letchworth, Bergen and de Peyster.

On Poorhouses — Commissioners Walrath, Letchworth and Foster.

On Reformatories — Commissioners Litchfield, de Peyster, Stoddard and Foster.

On the Blind — Commissioners Letchworth, Bergen and de Peyster.

On the Craig Colony and Epileptics — Commissioners Stoddard, Letchworth, Foster and Walrath.

supervision. James O. Fanning, Esq., for twenty-one years Assistant Secretary of the Board, was appointed as the chief of that service, with the title “Inspector of Charities.” In selecting Mr. Fanning for this responsible position, the Board recognized his special qualifications for the performance of the duties devolving upon this new department of work, and his long and faithful services as Assistant Secretary.

Edmund Lyon, Esq., of Rochester, who has devoted much time and thought to the education of the deaf, was appointed to the position of Secretary.

These officers entered upon the discharge of their respective duties on the first day of July, 1895.

Number and Classification of Beneficiaries.

Idiotic and feeble-minded.....	1,828
Epileptics in poor-houses and almshouses.....	547
Blind.....	670
Deaf.....	1,453
Dependent children.....	27,974
Juvenile offenders.....	5,432
Reformatory prisoners.....	380
Disabled soldiers and sailors.....	1,100
Hospital patients.....	6,655
Aged and friendless persons.....	8,131
Poor-house inmates.....	13,658
<hr/>	
Total.....	67,828
<hr/> <hr/>	

This table is exclusive of insane in State hospitals and almshouses and of adult felons in reformatories.

sonal visitations here referred to were made, and he is, therefore, prepared to respond to any request for information.

The State Board of Charities, in its efforts to guard and promote the interests of the institutions intrusted to its care, is not unmindful of the common weal, and will strive to encourage only such a judicious and economic expenditure of public moneys as shall lighten, so far as may be, the burdens of the taxpayers. The wise and timely recommendations regarding legislative appropriations contained in Governor Morton's recent message are thoroughly appreciated and indorsed by this Board, and all requests for appropriations by institutions under its jurisdiction have been and will be, most carefully scrutinized. After a thorough inquiry into the needs of the various State institutions the Board is prepared to state that, in its judgment, only small appropriations for purposes other than maintenance are now absolutely needed except in the case of the Craig Colony for Epileptics, the Roman State Custodial Asylum, and the Reformatory for Women at Bedford. The needs of these three new institutions are, however, imperative and every proper effort of the Board will be directed to prevent misapplied and unnecessary appropriations elsewhere which may in any way prejudice their just claims.

In the following detailed consideration of the State institutions the requirements of each one is specially set forth, together with the recommendations of the Board.

State Industrial School at Rochester.

This institution has forty-two acres of land and buildings that cost nearly \$473,000, with a capacity for 900 inmates. It received during the year from special appropriations, \$11,098.84; from deficiency appropriations, \$11,963.23; from unexpended appropri-

of the boys, under the same management. This is unfortunate for both departments. They should be dissociated and removed to a distance from each other. The girls department could, most profitably, be transferred to the Refuge at Albion, under a system of classification of inmates of these several reformatories for women, which is, at present, lacking. The State Industrial School has developed its educational and technical schools to a great degree, and has reached that point, in both, where a careful consideration should be had of the further character and extent to which these departments should be expanded. This is especially the case in the boys department.

The object of the instruction and training of this institution is so to conduct the institution life of the boys, or girls, as to fit them, according to their capacities, for self-support and usefulness as members of society. The State provides, for its children and its young wards, instruction in the rudiments of a common school education. In technical pursuits, also, careful instruction in trades and other occupations is afforded. In developing methods, much judgment is required. While the provision made should be liberal, the tendency to extravagance, which very frequently accompanies such efforts, should be early recognized and effectually checked. The financial affairs of the institution, during the past three or four years, so far as they can be computed, show a large per capita expenditure, and suggest careful study on the part of the authorities, of these conditions and tendencies.

The fact that many changes have been necessary in the buildings formerly constructed, involving considerable expense, is recognized; as well as the improvements which have been demanded by the substitution of new and advanced methods for the old and imperfect ones; still the necessity for a careful super-

professional services; 4-10ths of 1 per cent. for furniture, beds and bedding; 4 per cent. for transportation and traveling expenses; 5 per cent. for ordinary repairs, and 13 per cent. for other ordinary expenditures.

In its detailed report on this institution, the committee of this Board recommends the substitution of cells, well ventilated and lighted from above, for the dark, associated, depressing and unsanitary cells now in use for punitive purposes. This Board is satisfied that the dark cells fail to attain the end for which they are designed and, on the contrary, tend to depress mentally and physically the subjects committed to them, to such an extent as generally to defeat the purpose of reformation.

A careful analysis of the causes for commitment to the dark cells, sometimes for a period extending over several weeks, and for transfer back to the prison from the cottages, reveals the fact that many commitments have been made for trivial breaches of decorum and of ordinary discipline, such as loud talking at inopportune times, and even for leaving the ranks in walking exercise, and running across the lawn. The committee recommends, and this Board concurs in, the immediate establishment of an exercise ground, properly fenced and provided with a shelter and simple apparatus and appliance for exercise, such as swings, etc. The Board believes, as does the medical officer of the institution, that by the adoption and use of this playground the health of the inmates of the institution will be improved and discipline much more easily maintained. The routine should be so systemized that the members of the several grades shall each receive a proper amount of exercise, in the open air, freed from all except custodial restraint.

The industrial and technical training of the institution is inade-

Of the ordinary expenditures during the year 41 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 21 per cent. for provisions and supplies; 3 per cent. for clothing; 15 per cent. for fuel and lights; 1 per cent. for medicines, medical supplies and professional attendance; 1 5-10 per cent. for transportation and traveling expenses; 1 per cent. for ordinary repairs; 9-10ths of 1 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers and 15 per cent. for all other ordinary expenses.

This institution has made progress during the past year, but is hampered by a lack of classification of its inmates and a predominance of prison method in its discipline and reformatory plan. This Board is fully persuaded that a radical change should be made, in order to place the institution in the position of usefulness expected from it. The three reformatory institutions for women at Hudson, Albion and at Bedford, respectively, if properly classified as to the character of their inmates, will meet the present needs of the State.

Experience gained from frequent inspection, by the commissioners of this Board, and careful study of the subject, lead to the following conclusions and recommendations under such classification:

First.—That the girls' department of the State Industrial School at Rochester be transferred to Albion and that the present matron of said department be made the matron of the Albion institution.

Second.—That those inmates of the refuge at Albion, committed for felony, be transferred to Hudson.

Third.—That all inmates at Hudson, not committed for felony, but only for protection and restraint, be transferred to Albion, as far as present accommodations permit.

largely depend upon the choice of a superintendent, this duty devolving upon it by statute. The importance of a careful selection can not be overestimated, and it is to be hoped that an earnest, practical and experienced woman will be found who will not be handicapped by age or any physical disability in the discharge of duties in which the close personal relation between the superintendent and the individual inmates is so essential to true reformation.

Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.

The financial statement of this institution shows a cash balance at the commencement of the fiscal year of \$8,885.85, and receipts during the year from special appropriations of \$6,046.63; and from general appropriations of \$68,173.37. The cash balance reported last year was \$17,540.17, but the bills for September were paid from this, thus leaving a clear balance October 1, 1895, of \$8,885.85. Its receipts from other sources included \$212.31 from sale of farm and garden products; \$112.72 from labor of inmates; \$11,511 from counties, cities and towns; \$3,397.08 from individuals for the support of inmates; and \$151.18 from sources not classified; making its total receipts from all sources, including cash on hand, \$98,490.14. There was no outstanding indebtedness reported at the close of the year.

The whole number of pupils during the year was 582, of whom 299 were males and 283 females. The daily average during the year was 512, and the number present at the close of the year, 524.

The total expenditures during the year for current expenses, including salaries of officers and teachers, wages and labor, provisions and supplies, clothing, fuel and lights, medicines and medical supplies, furniture, beds and bedding, transportation and

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

institution, established in 1878 for the custody and care of insane women during the child bearing age, has made considerable development during the past year. Additions to the outbuildings and some changes in the arrangements of its grounds, have increased the facilities of administration, while the addition of a new cottage, with accommodations for fifty inmates, and having all the provisions for the convenience and welfare of the inmates, increases the capacity of the institution for its proper work. The new dormitory building, the cottage and stable are completed and are very satisfactory.

The number of inmates present is equal to the accommodation. Some changes, which would increase the capacity of the institution by about forty, would be secured by the transfer of certain cases to the institution at Rome for unteachable idiots, and to the Craig Colony for Epileptics. The appropriations of the past two years for the benefit of this institution have been judiciously expended, and, for the coming year, but a small amount, additional to the appropriation for maintenance will be required. Some further changes, specially concerned with the power house, and industries dependent upon it, are under consideration for adoption at a future date. These involve also a new and special water supply, as well as a change to a permanent power system.

The interior working of this institution has been most smoothly conducted by the superintendent and the matron, his wife, and the atmosphere which prevades its every department reveals the presence of a gentle but efficient discipline. The instruction, in its educational department and in technical training, is varied and effective and makes this one of the most satisfactory charitable institutions of the State. Among changes needed in

were a cash balance at the close of the year of \$3,242.04 and \$148.42 due from individuals. There was no outstanding indebtedness.

The number of inmates remaining October 1, 1894, was 199, and 12 were committed during the year, making a total of 211 supported. Of these 21 died and 1 was returned to the county, thus leaving 189 remaining October 1, 1895, of whom 105 were men and 84 women.

Of the ordinary expenditures 39 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 37 per cent. for provisions and supplies; 7 per cent. for clothing; 4 per cent. for fuel and lights and 12 per cent. for all other ordinary expenses, including \$238.69 for ordinary repairs and \$684.16 for expenses of managers and other officers.

This State institution has now completed the first year of its existence. It has been much embarrassed and retarded in development by the necessity of remodeling and repairing old and ill-adapted structures, involving an outlay sufficient to construct new buildings. The care in the interim of a helpless population, with inadequate facilities, has proved to be most embarrassing. The work accomplished under these discouraging circumstances has, however, been satisfactory.

At the beginning of the year 1895, the Custodial Asylum held a population of 102 men and 89 women, who had been committed to it by the Commission in Lunacy, from the Oneida County Insane Asylum and the several hospitals for the insane of this State, previously to the transfer of the institution by the revised Constitution from under the control of the Commission in Lunacy to the supervision of the State Board of Charities.

During the year 6 men and 1 woman were admitted from their homes; 2 men and 1 woman were admitted from county poor-

the number of inmates can be increased to 350, but further accommodations for 200 additional will be required as soon as they can be completed.

The Board of Managers has submitted to the State Board of Charities an estimate of specific appropriations now necessary in their judgment, amounting to nearly \$290,000 for buildings and other improvements. While this Board recognizes the extensive and pressing needs of the institution, it is now prepared to recommend only the appropriation of \$100,000 to be expended for buildings, grading and repairs, subject to the approval of the State Board of Charities.

Craig Colony.

Chapter 363 of the Laws of 1894 provided for the establishment of an institution for the care of epileptics of the State of New York upon the "Colony" plan. A tract near Mount Morris, consisting of nearly 1,900 acres of fertile and productive land was purchased of the Shaker community at Sonyea. During the past year the energies of its board of managers have been directed toward the fulfillment of the provisions of the organic law of the colony, in placing the buildings in proper condition for the reception and care of inmates; the establishment and construction of a system of sewerage; the establishment of a water supply; and the ordering of other matters essential to the care of the epileptic wards of the State. All that was proposed for the year has been accomplished, and the colony is now receiving its first installment of patients, 200 in number.

A careful census of all the institutions of the State reveals the fact that there are, as State charges, in the several poorhouses and other institutions, 771 epileptics who will be subject

eral institutions of the State this class of dependent unfortunates and place them in such circumstances as should be most conducive to their welfare. The evolution of the institution thus far has been very satisfactory. The appropriations already made have been profitably and judiciously expended, and in apportioning the appropriations which the board of managers should ask for the current year, the State Board of Charities has exerted its influence to keep the requests within the actual economical needs of the institution for that period.

In addition to a reasonable appropriation for maintenance, the Board recommends an appropriation for new buildings, repairs, additional water supply, extension of the sewer system, and various other matters, a sum not to exceed \$80,000, which amount shall be expended subject to the approval of the State Board of Charities, as provided by law.

New York State School for the Blind at Batavia.

The receipts of this institution for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1895, were as follows: Cash balance from the preceding year, \$3,445.68; received from the State, general appropriation, \$38,631.45; from all other sources, \$3,633.43; total, \$48,767.56. Its current expenditures were, \$43,504.13; extraordinary expenditures, \$3,251.53; total, \$46,755.66. Its assets, October 1, 1895, were: Cash, \$2,011.90; outstanding claims, \$2,738.89; total \$4,750.79. There was reported an outstanding indebtedness at the close of the year of \$35. The daily average number of pupils during the year was 133, and the average per capita weekly cost of support, \$5.14, as against \$5.07 the preceding year.

charities of the State through inadvertence in legislation on Indian Laws in 1892, was re-established, and the official acts of its Board of Managers during that period of suspension were legalized.

According to the United States census of 1890 there were 6,044 Indians in the State of New York, of whom 5,133 were resident upon the several reservations. The official comparisons made at that time showed that these New York Indians were much further advanced in civilization than any other reservation Indians in the United States; that they had shown a strong tendency upward instead of downward in the social scale; and that, in increasing numbers, longevity and gradual acquisition of property, they were holding their own with their neighbors in proportion to their advantages. They are in the main self-supporting, and the State of New York has recognized its obligations to them in founding district schools on the reservations for the elementary education of Indian children; and in providing in the Thomas Asylum on the Cattaraugus reservation, near Versailles, for the education and maintenance of 100 orphan and destitute Indian children. The number applying for admission to the asylum and deserving of such care on the part of the State is always largely in excess of this limit; and, at the present time, there are 104 children in the institution, which has been the average number for the past year.

The per capita appropriation for their maintenance has been \$125 per annum, and the sum of \$1,000 has been annually appropriated for their education, in addition to which the last Legislature appropriated \$500 towards the establishment of a kindergarten for the youngest children. These appropriations for education and maintenance are inadequate for their purposes,

•

be delayed. Competent instructors in trades should be employed and this much desired object be entered upon at once.

Some provision should be made by law for the removal from the Thomas Asylum of girls after reaching the age of thirteen years. The isolated location of the institution and the presence there of both sexes offer a constant menace of danger, against which the State should provide by authorizing the transferring of Indian girls of that age from the Thomas Asylum to orphanages and other institutions, where suitable arrangements can be made for their care at a proper compensation. By such provision, instead of their being returned to the reservation at the age of sixteen, as is now the case, opportunities for employment in respectable homes might be found for many or all of them. The Thomas Asylum would then be enabled to receive more of the young children from the several reservations who are orphans or destitute and who can not now be received on account of the present crowded condition of the institution.

The superintendent of the Thomas Asylum furnishes the movement of the population from the date of his incumbency only. April 15, 1895, there were 101 inmates, and 17 were afterward admitted, making a total supported of 118. Fourteen were returned to their parents or guardians, thus leaving 104 remaining October 1, 1895, equally divided as to sex.

Attention has before been called to the necessity for a new school building to replace the old one, which is too small for the numbers occupying it. It should be replaced by a suitable schoolhouse adapted to its purpose. The cowbarn is very old, and should be replaced by a new building, with a milkhouse so arranged that the girls may be taught dairy work.

Some additional lighting is needed, and an increase of the

The Deaf and the Blind.*The Deaf.*

There are, nominally, eight institutions devoted to the care and education of the deaf in this State which receive State or county pupils, though, in reality there are ten institutions, the three branches of St. Joseph's Institute being controlled and managed by independent principals and corps of instructors.

These institutions are controlled, managed and owned by private corporations, but are almost exclusively supported by scholarships paid from public funds; those receiving State moneys are enumerated in appended table No. 1-b. This Board takes pleasure in commending generally the work and conduct of most of these schools. As a rule the creature comforts of the children are carefully considered, while much thought is given to the matter of education. The problem of supplying the deaf with a substitute for the sense of hearing is fraught with difficulties which demand the utmost skill and patience, and this Board is in full accord with the liberal policy which the State has followed in regard to these institutions and does not hesitate to repeat the recommendation contained in the last annual report that the per capita allowance for State pupils be advanced to \$300, the sum now paid by the counties for the younger pupils, as it is convinced that the increased advantages to the deaf and to the State would be commensurate with the additional outlay.

The number and sex of the pupils in each of the institutions for the deaf in the State, October 1, 1895, as reported by their respective officers to this Board, is shown by the following table:

of the New York Institution and its work are worthy of high commendation. The number of pupils in these institutions October 1, 1895, was:

New York Institution for the Blind.....	183
New York State School for the Blind.....	121
	<hr/>
Total.	304
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At the beginning of the year the number of pupils enrolled in these institutions was 330; the number received during the year was 55; whole number supported, 385. The number discharged during the year was 81, thus leaving at the close of the year 304 pupils. Of the 121 left in the institution at Batavia 45 were females and 76 were males. Additional information and statistics will be found in the report of the standing Committee on the Blind, and in the tables which are herewith transmitted.

Although the enumeration of the institutions intrusted to the supervision of the State Board of Charities by the provisions of the Constitution is sufficiently comprehensive to include the institutions for the deaf and dumb and the blind, the Legislature saw fit to incorporate, in chapter 771 of the Laws of 1895, a section devoted exclusively to the relations which exist between this Board and these institutions, with the intention of setting at rest all questions regarding the Board's right of supervision and of thus insuring the continuance of the official relations, which in some cases extend back to the establishment of the Board.

It should be attended to with the least possible delay. Immediate attention should also be given to the furnishing of additional radiators for the dormitories and to the building of the partitions separating the water-closets from the sleeping quarters.

In view of the fact that the State does not own the property of this institution, but that it belongs to a private corporation, the Board recommends only a moderate special appropriation for the following objects:

1. For the isolated lavatory and basin.
2. For the new plumbing.
3. For additional radiators and steam pipe.

Incorporations of Institutions

During the past year under the Membership Incorporative Laws of 1904 the Board has approved of the incorporation and incorporation of the following institutions:

New York Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin: Columbus Hospital in the City of New York: Dispensary of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of New York: The Community House for Children: St. John's Hospital, Westchester County: Hebrew Home for the Aged in the City of New York: New's Hospital: Christian Children's Home, Saratoga County: Niagara Falls Nursing Home: Niagara Falls Industrial Home and School for the Blind: A. J. Donnelly Memorial Hospital in the City of New York: The Homeopathic Hospital in the City of New York: The Hospital Society of St. Francis Buffalo: Niagara Hospital Society: Niagara Hospital Society, and the St. John's Hospital Society.

For convenience of reference the work at the outset was classified, as follows:

1. Epileptics in county poorhouses other than in Kings and New York Counties.
2. Epileptics in the Kings County (Brooklyn City) Almshouse.
3. Epileptics in the New York City Almshouse.
4. Epileptics in other City Almshouses.
5. Epileptics in town poorhouses.
6. Epileptics in institutions for the idiotic and feeble-minded.
7. Epileptics in other institutions.
8. Epileptics in family care receiving public out-door poor relief.

In pursuing this work, the superintendent visited thirty-four of the county poorhouses and made personal examinations and notes of the epileptics in these institutions. The information in respect to the epileptics in the other county poorhouses and the various city almshouses, other than those of Kings and New York, was furnished by the respective attending physicians. The information in regard to the epileptics in the Kings County Almshouse was furnished by the superintendent and chief medical officer, and the information in respect to the epileptics in the New York City Almshouse by the Department of Charities and Correction of the city. The institutions for the idiotic and feeble-minded were visited, and the epileptics in these institutions examined, and the personal history of each case was subsequently furnished by the medical or other proper officers of these institutions. The number and condition of the epileptics in the other institutions were reported by the chief resident officers, and those in family care receiving outdoor poor relief, by the overseers of the poor of the various cities and towns of the State.

STATE PAUPERS.

The act in respect to State paupers, chapter 661 of the Laws of 1873, makes no provision for buildings by the State, for this class, but authorizes the Board to contract, from time to time, on the part of the State, with the authorities of cities and counties for the support and care of State paupers in the poorhouses of such counties, and to prescribe and establish rules and regulations for their custody, treatment and care, and for their discharge. The number of such contracts now in force is nine, viz.: with Albany, Broome, Erie, Jefferson, Kings, Monroe, Oneida, Onondaga and St. Lawrence counties. The poorhouses of all these counties, except those of Oneida and Onondaga counties, are situated near the borders of the State, and on the public thoroughfares over which most of those who come under the law as State paupers enter the State. The Board believes it to be more convenient and economical, and much better to congregate such paupers in a few poorhouses, easy of access, near the borders of the State, at points most exposed to their inroads, than in central portions of the State, as their wanderings are thus early arrested and they are more easily and readily returned to their former homes or places of legal settlement in other State and countries, from these points than from central portions of the State.

The poorhouses of the various counties with which contracts exist for the support and care of State paupers, designated under the statute as "State Almhouses," are generally commodious, in good condition and properly adapted to their purposes, and at no time during the year have their wards been crowded. The State paupers committed to these institutions occupy accommodations in common with the county paupers, and receive the same

application, with very little regard to office hours, so called, the work has so far been accomplished with no additional clerical force and with no material detriment, though often delay, to the usual office work.

It was immediately apparent to me, on taking charge, that the work of organization and the perfection of the system of reporting was of primary importance, and that these would furnish the true basis upon which to make intelligent inspection.

The work of personal inspection has not yet been so thoroughly prosecuted as might be desired. A reference, however, to my memoranda, shows that I have already made more than fifty visits to institutions, in the process of inaugurating and carrying on the work thus far; these include in some instances several visits to one institution, where the task has been particularly difficult and the officers have desired instruction. It gives me particular satisfaction to state, that in all these visitations, and in some of them my duty has necessitated very plain expression, I have met the most cordial reception and the kindest expressions of accord. More attention to inspection, and conference with the officers of the several institutions, will hereafter follow as a logical sequence, and from these many important changes may be hoped for and expected.

My personal connection with this work has been only since July 1st, except in respect to the details of sending out the blanks for reports under the provisional rules, but from the returns, from the correspondence and from personal interviews, I am confident of excellent results, though not, perhaps, in the immediate future. The education, however, has begun and must progress to a satisfactory end.

Respectfully submitted.

JAMES O. FANNING,

Inspector of Charities.

ALBANY, *February* 10, 1896.

year, the securing of legislation providing for the division of the Department of Public Charities and Correction in New York city. The report enters into details as to the reasons which rendered important the separation of this department into two distinct departments, and also as to the active part which the association took in securing the ultimate end. The report also summarizes the important results which it believes will follow the division, notwithstanding the increase in expenditure.

The committee on adult able-bodied paupers makes an exhaustive report on its successful efforts for the enactment of a law providing for cumulative sentences in commitments for public intoxication, vagrancy and disorderly conduct in New York city. The report traces the efforts from the first introduction of the bill in the Legislature of 1889, to its final passage in 1895.

In that part of the report relating to dependent children stress is given to the constantly increasing number of children cared for in institutions and the large proportion of those who are maintained as public charges, as well as to the decrease in the number placed out in families by adoption or indenture. Attention is also directed to the long retention of children in institutions, and the policy of retention in institution life until the inmates are sent out as wage-earners is strongly criticized. It is suggested that a gradual correction of this evil can be effected through the rules of the State Board of Charities, regulating the reception and retention of inmates as public charges in private institutions.

The report includes a digest of the rules established by the State Board of Charities regulating the reception and retention of children supported at public expense in private institutions, and refers to the labors of the association in drafting these rules.

24-30, 1895. There were thirty-two States represented in the conference, and representatives were also in attendance from the District of Columbia and Canada. This Board was represented by its then secretary, Dr. Chas. S. Hoyt. During the sessions of the conference, reports and papers were presented and read as follows: On charity organization; on the administration of public and private relief; on child-saving work; on juvenile reformatories; on the insane; on State Board of Charities; on the feeble-minded; on immigration and interstate migration; on training schools for nurses; on homes for soldiers and sailors; and on sociology in institutions of learning. Much of the time of the conference was devoted to the science of sociology, and several professors from various colleges and universities, read papers, reports and papers presented and read, with a stenographic report of the discussions thereon, together with a report of the proceedings of the conference, have been published in a volume containing over 500 pages, and this has been widely distributed, and thus become available to the public. The next meeting of the conference will be held in Grand Rapids, Michigan, in June, 1896.

The article on child-saving work above referred to, is herewith transmitted as an appended paper.

Appended Papers.

The following reports and papers presented, read and accepted by the Board, and directed to be transmitted to the Legislature, with its annual report, are hereto appended:

Report on the New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath, by President Stewart.

Report of the Standing Committee on Idiots and Feeble-minded.

Report of the Standing Committee on Reformatories.

LXXXVIII ANNUAL REPORT OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

Paper on Child Saving Work, by Mr. Homer Folks, Secretary of the State Charities Aid Association.

Report on an investigation of the management of the Evangelical Lutheran Orphan Asylum of Syracuse, by Commissioner Walrath and James O. Fanning, Inspector of Charities.

Report on an investigation of charges against the Onondaga County poorhouse, by Commissioner Walrath.

Report of the investigation of the Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, by Commissioner Litchfield.

By direction of the Board.

WILLIAM R. STEWART,

President.

Attest:

EDMUND LYON,

Secretary.

Dated, ALBANY, *February* 10, 1896

R E P O R T

ON THE

New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home
at Bath.

By PRESIDENT STEWART.

NEW YORK STATE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS' HOME,

BATH, STEUBEN COUNTY, N. Y.

Consolidated Morning Report for December 5, 1895.

OFFICERS — COMMANDANT, 1 ; ADJUTANT, 1 ; QUARTERMASTER, 1 ; SURGEON, 2 ; ENGINEER, 1 ; MATRON, 1 ; TOTAL, 7.

to a dormitory, and will add about 100 beds to the capacity of the institution.

In compliance with my request the trustees have submitted the items necessary, in their judgment, for the proper administration of the Home for the year ending September 30, 1897, viz.:

For maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1897.....	\$165,000
For contingencies and repairs.....	10,000
For additional storage reservoir and repairs on present one.....	3,500
For additional barns.....	1,500
For residence for farmer.....	2,000
For equipment of new mess-hall, including steam heating and cooking apparatus.....	5,000
For grading around new buildings and improvements in amusement hall.....	5,000

There are reasonable grounds for the approval of these specific items, and statistics are furnished showing that during the year ending September 30, 1895, the cost of purchased rations was 13.6 cents per day, of clothing \$12.97 per year, and the average total cost per year for each inmate \$149.79.

From investigation made at the institution, the statement of the trustees, and statistical information furnished, I am of the opinion that the items of appropriation above given are both reasonable and necessary, and recommend that this Board indorse the application of the trustees of the Home to the Legislature of 1896, as above set forth.

In conclusion, I am satisfied that the Soldiers and Sailors' Home, under its present management, is well conducted and maintained, and is evidently realizing the beneficent objects of its establishment as a State institution.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

WM. R. STEWART.

NEW YORK, December 11, 1895.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE

ON

The Idiotic and Feeble-Minded.

By Commissioner WALRATH.

REPORT.

To the State Board of Charities:

The State institutions for the idiotic and feeble-minded have been visited, during the past year, by the members of this committee, and without notice. Each has been carefully inspected and the conditions touching its conduct, the health of its inmates, methods of instruction and discipline, etc., have been duly considered.

The State institutions, coming under the supervision of this Board, for the care and instruction of the feeble-minded are as follows:

1. The Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-minded Children, at Syracuse, established 1851.

2. The State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-minded Women, at Newark, established 1885.

3. The Rome State Custodial Asylum, at Rome, established 1893.

The city of New York maintains an asylum for idiots on Randall's Island, in which are both the teachable and unteachable class. There are several private institutions in the State for the care of the feeble-minded, while there are many unteachable idiots among the inmates of the poorhouses of the several counties of this State, for whom provision is made by the cities or counties in which such poorhouses may be situated.

THE SYRACUSE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

Dr. JAMES C. CARSON, *Superintendent.*

This institution has been visited by the members of this committee individually at intervals, by the President of this Board, and was specially visited, without previous notice, and inspected by Commissioners Walrath and Stoddard, December 27, 1895. In this inspection the Commissioners were accompanied by the superintendent and, a part of the time, by the steward, Mr. John L. Barnett.

Buildings.

The buildings and grounds are materially unchanged from the conditions at the beginning of this year. The last Legislature granted a re-appropriation of an unexpended balance of \$1,322.38, to be used for the erection of two new fire escapes, and the replacing of the floor in the kitchen by one of tile. The fire escapes are completed, and are a very valuable addition to the means of exit, in case of necessity for speedily removing the occupants of the dormitory buildings, upon which they are placed. They are of excellent construction and form.

The kitchen floor is not yet completed, but a sufficient amount of the above appropriation remains in hand for its satisfactory construction.

Population.

The census, on the day of this visit, was as follows: Boys, 265; girls, 260; total, 525. Of these, 15 were absent on vacation, making a total present of 510 on the day of this inspection. These figures include the family at the Fairmount Farm.

The number of epileptics is 50.

The number of pupils in the schools is 267, divided about equally between the two sexes. About eighty-five per cent. of the inmates are occupied in school and other employment about the institution.

The day rooms, in this department, were visited, and the making and mending of the boys' clothing were carefully inspected. In one room, were a number of boys, who were being instructed in sewing and mending, and some of those in this room showed considerable aptitude for this special employment.

The bath-rooms were inspected, as to the fixtures and condition of the plumbing, and all were found in complete working order.

The water supply is ample and all provisions for cleanliness are maintained. The water-closets were in a commendable condition of cleanliness, in spite of the disorderly and unintelligent class which uses them. All closets and receptacles for clothing were in order and exhibited careful supervision.

Girls' Department.

This was inspected in the same order of sequence as that of the boys.

The dormitories are similar in arrangement and furniture to those of the boys. The beds, bedsteads and furniture are of the same patterns and quality. Here everything was orderly, neat and clean, being conducted on the same principles of house-keeping and under similar supervision with that of the boys. The clothes-presses and closets are arranged in the same orderly manner. They were found, on inspection, clean and neat. The bath-rooms and toilet-rooms, as regards cleanliness and the character and condition of the plumbing, were in a very satisfactory condition.

The dining-rooms were visited while dinner was in progress. The same meal was served to the girls as to the boys. In the three grades, all were visited and inspected successively. In the first grade there are about thirty girls; of these a large proportion are occupied in the housework, and some special articles of diet are found added to their dietary.

The kitchens of the various parts of the establishment were visited and found in a satisfactory condition. The supplies are purchased through the steward, Mr. Barnett, and, to his judicious management of the duties of his department, much credit is due

Commission in Lunacy, and accommodations thus provided, in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the State, for this hopeless class of wards.

In several portions of the older buildings of the institution the plastering of the walls and ceilings is in a precarious condition. The Commissioners believe that economy and utility suggest the substitution of steel ceilings for the lath and plaster in those rooms where these repairs are needed. The steel ceiling can be placed upon that now in situ, and will prove permanent. It also has the advantage of being in a form to receive a coat of white paint, from time to time, insuring cleanliness and affording light, while at the same time it increases the protection against fire.

The needs of the institution, outside, are mainly limited to (1) An additional amount of wall to that now inclosing part of the grounds; several rods are required to protect the south side of the grounds. The estimated expense of the amount required is placed at \$2,000. (2) A duplicate connection with the water service mains which supply the institution. A single connection now exists. With the present service, if water is shut off from the principal main, for any purpose, the institution is left without water. A connection at a different point, additional, will obviate this difficulty. It is estimated that an expenditure of \$400 will secure the desired connections. (3) A new brick corridor connecting the laundry and the basement of the adjoining building is necessary. The present wooden passage is in a precarious condition and must be replaced. It is not in condition to keep out rain and storm. The estimates for this are now in the hands of the State architect, and could not be obtained. The Commissioners refrain from making an estimate of the cost. (4) The importance of electric lighting is again occupying the attention of the superintendent. The expense of this addition to facilities is considerable; a possible sum of \$7,000 is considered a fair estimate for this addition.

In regard to these obvious needs of the institution it is conceded that two of them are important, especially the changes in the water service and the new corridor connecting with the

Buildings and Grounds.

The grounds have been improved by the addition of about one and three-quarters acres of land in front of the institution. This has greatly improved the approach and secures the control of very desirable property. The remains of the barn, partially destroyed by fire in 1893, have been removed and the site graded, which has added much to the appearance of this part of the grounds. About 4,500 feet of cement walk have been laid, which is a most important improvement.

Some changes of a temporary character have been made in the sewer system. This has been a difficult matter to provide for. The situation of the institution, surrounded by the village and valuable farming property, and the character of the soil, have made the adoption of a system and plan of sewerage very difficult. These engineering problems will ultimately be overcome.

There has been added to the buildings a new cottage dormitory; this is known as "D" building. This is an admirable building, and in its many details is very satisfactory. It will accommodate about fifty patients. It is now nearly ready for occupancy, and will add much to the general facilities of the institution.

It is heated by steam, has an abundant supply of water, with excellent plumbing facilities, and is wired for electric light. The cost of the building is \$12,000, and the money has been judiciously expended. It is connected with the power-house by a well-built conduit, carrying the steam and water pipes and wires for electric light; it is sufficiently large for a passageway.

A new frame barn, with an excellent basement, has been constructed. It is sixty-four feet long by forty-six feet wide, and is very complete in all its arrangements and appointments. It is protected with a metallic roof and will cost about four thousand dollars. It is well supplied with water and is wired for lighting by electric light; all has been done which can be accomplished to render damage from fire as slight as possible.

The work done, and in progress, will fall within the appropriations originally made, but a further appropriation of about one thousand dollars will be needed to complete the barn and supply

others a morning and afternoon session, according to their capacity mentally and otherwise.

In the sewing-room twenty-five inmates were occupied in various forms of sewing, at this time largely upon new clothing for the inmates. Sewing by hand and upon the machines is taught, the girls being employed according to their intelligence and capacity.

The hospital was visited and inspected. It contained twenty-two inmates; only three or four were severely ill. Two cases of pulmonary phthisis, one of cerebral meningitis, and one with diseased ankle joint were the only inmates confined to bed. Trivial ailments of a temporary character were the causes of the detention of the remainder of those found there.

The laundry was next inspected, and, as this was a laundry day, was found in full operation. Forty-four inmates were working here. This is an excellent plant, but can be improved in some respects as regards drying and other facilities. The laundry work of 400 persons is done here each week.

The kitchens and baking oven were next inspected. The new brick oven proves perfectly satisfactory in every respect, and is a great addition to the facilities of the kitchen. Some slight changes in the steam cooking-apparatus will be required, by which its efficiency will be increased.

Discipline.

Little special discipline is required. The attendants are all impressed with the importance of gentleness and kindness, and the general atmosphere of the institution is one of reassurance and encouragement. No corporal inflictions of any character are permitted, and very few cases of disturbed conditions have occurred during the year.

The dining-rooms of the several grades were visited during the noon meal, and the inmates inspected. The food was ample and of excellent quality, consisting of beef, potatoes, carrots, tomatoes, bread and butter. The supplies purchased for the house are uniform in quality; the same are supplied to officers and inmates. The vegetable supply is ample and varied. The gardens of the

light plant can at a moderate expense be added, as present appliances will furnish the necessary power.

This is very important, as the institution will pay for lights, when the new cottage is added to the administration now in force, \$1,400 for electric lighting alone. One-half this sum or less would supply not only the present amount of light, but considerable additional if the institution had its own plant.

THE NEW YORK INSTITUTION FOR IDIOTIC AND
FEEBLE-MINDED, AT RANDALL'S
ISLAND, NEW YORK.

Miss M. C. DUNPHY, *Superintendent.*

This institution was visited, without notice, by Commissioner Stoddard, May 7, 1895, and has been visited on other occasions by other commissioners during the year.

Population.

The census on the day of this visit, May 7, 1895, was in all departments:

Boys	570
Girls	388
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Total	958
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Children under two years, 131.

Idiotic and feeble-minded:

Boys	269
Girls	173
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Total	442
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use of the woven-wire mattress on all the beds of the institution, as recommended in our previous report, is again urged here. On the score of utility and neatness this change is necessary.

The bath-rooms, plumbing and fixtures were in good order and condition.

The separate towel and conveniences for the toilet are maintained in both the boys' and girls' departments. In some portions of the institution the plumbing, though in fair condition, is antiquated and should be replaced by more modern appliances.

In the buildings devoted to the care of the hopelessly idiotic and epileptics the water privileges are very meagre, poor and insufficient. In one of the buildings of the female department a water-tower was constructed a short time since, with great advantage to sanitary and other conditions. A similar addition should be made to each of the other buildings referred to above. During the inspection of this part of the institution the Commissioner was accompanied by the architect, Mr. Walter Dickson, whom the managers have consulted regarding plans for necessary changes. His views were fully in accord with those of this committee regarding necessary changes in buildings and internal arrangements. Your committee unreservedly expressed to him, in this conference, its conviction as to the necessity for the adoption, by the managers, of a ground plan for the arrangements of the buildings of the institution. The location of present structures should be indicated upon this, and the site of possible future buildings also. This plan should involve the replacing of present antiquated buildings, by those in accordance with the most recent views of sanitary and utilitarian arrangement. In the place of many of the present three-story structures, buildings of one-story only should be constructed, and upon a general and connected plan. They should be fire-proof, which involves only a moderate increase in cost. A central steam plant should also be considered for the purposes of heat, light and power. Such a plant would combine many items of economy and safety, lacking in the present system of multiplied fires and illumination by gas and oil.

THE BRUNSWICK HOME, AMITYVILLE, LONG ISLAND.

This institution was visited April 4, 1895, by Commissioner Stoddard, accompanied by Secretary Hoyt.

This institution, until recently, has been under the supervision of the Lunacy Commission. Under the direction of that board the original plan of conduct was changed. In place of the superintendent, S. R. Williams, who had originated the institution and conducted its affairs, with a board of managers, as a private institution acting under a license, a medical officer or physician in charge was substituted, and Dr. J. W. T. Roe was appointed to the position.

Population.

The census of inmates on the date of this visit was 155, divided as follows:

County Patients.

Males over 16 years of age.....	56	
Males under 16 years of age.....	32	
		88
Females over 16 years of age.....	30	
Females under 16 years of age.....	9	
		39

Private Patients.

Males	8	
Females	20	
		28

Total inmates.....	155
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A general inspection of the premises and buildings was made. The buildings are of wood, the principal part having been specially constructed for the purpose. The administration occupies a detached cottage, and the private patients occupy a separate building.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON REFORMATORIES.

stay amid such associations as the existing methods compel her to do is most destructive.

The imperfect classifications in such institutions, which begins after a stay, more or less prolonged in this place of general probation, begins too late in the reformatory course.

It is believed that it should commence upon the entrance of the inmate, and be regulated as she or he advances in the reformatory course. This can only be accomplished by changing the method followed in receiving and placing the new coming inmate. Instead of placing all inmates upon reception promiscuously together, each case on admission should be taken to a special reception department, where a full mental and physical history of the inmate should be systematically made and recorded, by the proper house officers and the attending physician of the institution. Upon the results of this examination and history, the classification and placing of the inmates should be based. In other words, these cases should be subjected to methods of classification, similar to those adopted in the reception of patients in a general hospital for the treatment of bodily diseases.

This order of classification can be secured by the setting apart of some particular portion of the institution for this specific purpose solely. In most of the present reformatories this can be accomplished with a comparatively slight expense; but in those where such facilities are not available, a special reception cottage should be constructed and connected with that part of the institution most essential to the development of such a grading process.

Another difficulty, under which this class of institutions labor is that inmates are committed to them upon a basis of *age*, rather than of character. To the refuge at Hudson, or at Albion, commitments are made of girls or women between the ages of twelve to twenty-four years, promiscuously, without any special reference being had to the character of the girls. To the girls' department of the State Industrial School, commitments are made of girls between the ages of twelve and eighteen years. To this institution a case convicted of felony or flagrant immorality is

- 3. The House of Refuge for Women, at Hudson, established in 1881.
- 4. The Western House of Refuge for Women, at Albion, established in 1890.
- 5. Reformatory for Women, at Bedford.

In addition to the above are several institutions, reformatory in character, under private management and not receiving aid from the State. Among these are the following:

- 1. The Burnham Industrial Farm, at Canaan, established in 1886.
- 2. The Charlton Industrial Farm School, established 1895. Not yet in active operation.

THE HOUSE OF REFUGE, RANDALL'S ISLAND, NEW YORK.

This institution was visited without notice by Commissioner Stoddard, in behalf of this committee May 7, 1895, and a last special visit was made in behalf of this committee, by its chairman, Commissioner Litchfield, December 27, 1895. At the time of the first special inspection Mr. Vincent M. Masten was superintendent. As the result of his resignation a new superintendent, Mr. E. M. Carpenter, has recently been in charge.

On December 27th the date of final inspection, the census was as follows:

Population.		
White boys	603	
White girls		74
Colored boys	73	
Colored girls		21
Total boys		676
Total girls		95
Grand total, 771.		

short piece of pipe or nozzle of small diameter. At the end of the large pipe are two valves, by which hot and cold water are turned into the larger pipe at a proper temperature. The water then runs through the various nozzles and falls in a series of small streams into the trough.

In the wash-room for the small boys there are two troughs, side by side, with this arrangement of pipes and nozzles between the two.

In the first division wash-room the trough runs around the room; there are also troughs in the central space of the room, back to back. The spaces between the nozzles are divided, in this room, by small partitions, into compartments. The boys being placed in military formation are marched up to their places, and the water being turned on wash their hands and faces at these little running streams.

It is the opinion of the medical officer of the institution that this method of washing is insufficient for effecting satisfactory cleanliness, as it is extremely difficult to wash the hands and face properly from a rapidly running stream out of a nozzle or faucet.

This institution is much troubled with diseases of the eyes among the inmates. "Trachoma," which is a contagious disease, prevails among the boys to the extent of sometimes ten per cent. of their total number.

The committee believe that this state of affairs could be remedied, or very much lessened, if an isolated lavatory were arranged for the boys suffering from eye diseases. This should be furnished with basins of some sort from which the eyes and the whole head could be properly bathed.

If heavy wire slatting were placed at the proper height above the bottom of the troughs, wash-basins stamped out of one piece could be placed at each nozzle. Each boy could then thoroughly bathe his eyes and head and wash his hands with soap, and dump the contents of the basin before his successor came to the wash-stand. The slats should be made movable so that the bottom of the trough could be cleaned, and the provisions of the health law should be strictly complied with. As a commentary upon

Boys are subject, is conducted by the military
 various putting-up exercises of the gymnasium
 imitation movements were very satisfactorily
 our parts, in the inspection made at this visit.
 a military band from among the boys has
 success of the military discipline, in furnishing
 imitation and other evolutions.
 corridor was visited and thoroughly inspected.
 requiring discipline for any infraction
 primary officer regulates the conditions here.
 here, are not allowed to speak except when
 order. While under discipline the boys may
 stand or to the solitary cell. These cells con-
 structure, and the grated door is closed, but fully
 visible. This appears to be far better than the
 door, which shuts the boy in a closed room. As
 the door of one of these cells the inmate
 his door and makes the military salute. This is
 and cheerfully by the boys and impressed us favor-
 character of this part of the discipline.
 house, with its well-lighted punishment rooms,
 completed, and will shortly be occupied.

The Technical Schools.

facilities and important changes have been made
 for carpentry, printing, tailoring and shoemaking.
 number employed in each of these is considerably
 and the work done improved in character.
 managers are completing a blacksmith shop, machine shop,
 with fine lathes and other machinery, and paint
 these will afford employment which will meet the
 of a number of boys. The paint shop will involve the
 of classes in fresco, decoration and graining, with the
 development of finer work.

THE STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

FRANKLIN W. BRIGGS, *Superintendent.*

This institution has been visited frequently during the past year by members of this committee, and especially by the commissioner of the district. A final inspection was made in behalf of the committee December 24th by Commissioner Stoddard; which was repeated January 3, 1896.

The following statement is made from the notes of these visits:

Population, December 31, 1895.

Boys' Department.

Inmates first division	150
Inmates second division	220
Inmates third division	170
Inmates fourth division	179
Total	719

Girls' Department.

Total number of inmates, first and second divisions.....	128
Grand total	847
Instructors	23
Teachers	24
Other employes.....	74
Officials	13

Number of Boys in Trade Schools.

Bakery	10
Blacksmith shop.....	31

Boiler-room	17
Bricklaying and plastering	14
Carpenter shop	49
Electrical construction	17
Foundry	27
Floriculture	44
Laundry	28
Machine shop	26
Printing office	46
Pattern shop	36
Paint shop	36
Steam and gasfitting	12
Shoe shop	33
Tailor shop	24
Total	<u>450</u>

The Boys' Department.

Dormitories.

The first visited was the "old prison" dormitory occupied by "C" and "D" companies of the third division cadets. This has been remodeled from the old prison form, the cells taken out and one large, open, well-lighted room, with abundant ventilation, has been the result. This contains 135 beds. These are single iron bedsteads, painted white. Each bed has a woven-wire mattress with a felt mattress upon it, cotton sheets and pillow cases, and two blankets. The latter are uniform in color, a light blue, and present a very neat and orderly appearance. The bedding is changed once each week, on Thursday, unless more frequently required. Each cadet is required to make his own bed and in accordance with a uniform plan. The walls and ceilings of the whole dormitory are painted white, which with the white furniture and abundant light, make it most pleasant in comparison with its former gloom. It is very freely supplied with electric lamps and well warmed.

be required. The present power is more than ample for this addition.

At the time of this inspection, a device for the consumption of smoke was being introduced into one of the furnaces. It has been already tested and found to be a source of considerable economy in the amount of coal used, beside proving effective in consuming the smoke. It is proposed to add it to the remaining furnaces.

A very desirable change is in the proposition to remove the high stone wall in front of the institution and supply its place with an iron fence. While not an urgent need, the iron fence would prove a most desirable substitute for the high and frowning stone wall which now surrounds the institution.

Some additional facilities connected with the hospital are considered necessary by the medical board and attending physician. These are principally confined to an operating room and its appliances.

Girls' Department.

Miss MARGARET E. CRAIG, *Matron*.

A thorough inspection of all parts of this department revealed the usual conditions of neatness, order and discipline which have marked it under its present efficient head. The kitchen and store rooms were first visited, a time being chosen when preparations for the special exercises and events of Christmas dinner were in progress. The order and scrupulous cleanliness of the kitchen, accompanying the preparation of poultry and vegetables and the baking of pies, etc., for so large a number, was most noticeable and commendable. In another apartment a group of inmates, under direction of one of the teachers, was preparing evergreen decorations for the dining, assembly and other rooms in which the inmates gather. Another large group was devoted to the preparation of articles for the Christmas tree; while in one of the hospital wards, a beautiful Christmas tree, designed for the younger girls, was in process of arrangement by some of the older girls.

The plan of discipline involves the commitment of the inmate, on reception, to confinement in the prison. This period is intended to be regulated by the conduct of the inmate. From the prison, promotion to one of the cottages is earned by good behavior and improvement. During confinement in the prison, occupation in the laundry, kitchen and other household duties, together with some technical occupation, is required.

Of the four cottages but two are occupied by families of inmates; a third being for the combined uses of a nursery, hospital, etc.

Buildings and Appliances.

The general health of the inmates is good, and cases of illness are of rare occurrence and very slight in character. The hospital still continues to be used as an assembly-room and for similar purposes.

The prison contained forty-two inmates at the time of this visit, and thirty-nine were installed in the families of the two occupied cottages.

The general condition of the buildings and of all departments, was one of excellent order and neatness in every respect. Considerable improvement has been made in the condition of the grounds during the past year, and the changes recommended by this committee have all been made. The basements of the hospital and of the four cottages have been well drained and grouted with a smooth flooring of cement, and are now in excellent condition. The thorough whitewashing of the walls, has added much to the further cleanliness and light of these important portions of the several buildings.

The laundry, drying and ironing rooms were in good order. The kitchens are well furnished and were neat and clean. The food was examined and found of good quality and quantity and well prepared. The bread was sweet and well made, but needs a better oven for the most perfect baking, though it is as well prepared in this respect as can be done in any except a brick oven. The bill of fare remains the same as last year and is ample and varied.

General Considerations.

In looking over the statistics of this institution the following important facts appear: Of the present 81 inmates, the age varies from 15 to 31 years; the average age being 19 years and 8 months, nearly. Of the total number of inmates, 47, or over 58 per cent., are between the ages of 15 and 19 years, inclusive — the most critical and important years of the woman's life period. It further appears that the mental capacity of inmates shows considerable variation as to degree. The following approximate deductions are given:

Possessing natural ability	55 per cent.
Having marked natural ability	5 per cent.
More or less intellectually deficient.....	23 per cent.
Capable of little or no progress under ordinary methods	12 per cent.

Nearly 60 per cent. of the present inmates were committed upon charges of vagrancy, prostitution and frequenting disorderly houses; about 20 per cent. for petit larceny.

A brief physical examination reveals the fact that a large percentage exhibit some evidence of incomplete or faulty physical development; and a careful study of the histories of the several inmates points, in a large proportion of cases, to failures in early training and faulty and demoralizing conditions of mental and physical environment.

These facts emphasize the importance of a careful and critical mental and physical examination of each inmate on entrance, by an expert physician, in order to place her, as early as possible, in those conditions most favorable for her improvement and reformation.

young women, who are made such by the conditions of life in our crowded cities.

The State has made generous provision at Bedford and elsewhere for the reformation of depraved and unfortunate young women. The success of the Board of Managers of this institution in accomplishing the beneficent object of the State will largely depend upon the choice of a Superintendent, this duty devolving upon it by statute. The importance of a careful selection can not be over estimated, and it is to be hoped that an earnest, practical and experienced woman will be found, who will not be hampered by age or any physical disability in the discharge of duties, in which the close personal relation between the superintendent and the individual inmate are so essential to true reformation.

Recommendations of the Standing Committee.

First. That no dark cells whatsoever be built for punishment purposes, but that cells to be used for such purposes be so constructed as to be lighted from above and well ventilated and absolutely isolated. On no account should they be so placed that the occupant can in any way communicate with the inmate of an adjoining cell.

Second. That a special play ground or exercise ground, suitably inclosed, and provided with shelter, swings, etc., should be established for the daily exercise of the inmates in suitable weather.

Respectfully submitted.

EDWARD H. LITCHFIELD,
ENOCH V. STODDARD,

Committee.

REPORT

OF THE

Committee on Institutions for the Blind.

There are 30 men and 36 women at present in the home. The inmates are allowed to leave the home whenever they so desire.

The home is supported by voluntary subscriptions, a small endowment, and several inmates' board is paid, \$10 monthly.

The inmates are taught to work; the men to cane chairs, make mattresses and brushes. They receive orders from stores and private families. The women make some very useful and pretty fancy articles. The Home receives one-third and the inmates two-thirds of the proceeds of the sales.

The work department is a very good feature of the Home; it teaches them to be industrious, at the same time making them feel a little independent.

One matron, one superintendent of the work-rooms, and fifteen servants are employed.

The Home does, I think, the work for which it was designed, to give a home to the destitute blind.

AN ASYLUM FOR BLIND GIRLS AT MT. LORETTO, STATEN ISLAND.

UNDER THE CARE OF THE MISSION OF THE IMMACULATE VIRGIN.

This institution was visited November 26th by Commissioner dePeyster.

The building is entirely new, built of brick, in a very pleasant part of the grounds, given as a memorial by one of the sisters in charge.

The interior is finished in light wood, making it look bright and cheerful.

On the first floor are the reception and dining-rooms, kitchen and pantries, very complete, for the use of inmates and those in charge. At the end of the hall is the chapel. On the second floor are the class-rooms and sewing-rooms. The third floor, sleeping-rooms; the rooms are so divided as to make two small dormitories

bed; one long table in the center where they take their meals. The beds are good, a wire spring and abundance of good blankets, two sheets and a white spread. The bath and water-closets are quite a distance from the building. A temporary closet has been put up, but I consider it unfit for use.

There are fifty-five beds, all occupied.

One orderly, paid eighteen dollars monthly, with six almshouse helpers do the work. It was clean and in good order, as far as possible in such a miserable old building.

The Female Department

Is similar to the male; one long ward, with iron bedsteads; one rocking chair at each bed. Three stoves are needed for comfort. The beds are good, wire springs; a small straw mattress, good blankets, two sheets and white spread.

Sixty beds in the ward, all occupied.

One nurse paid fifteen dollars monthly, four almshouse and three workhouse women do the work.

The bath and closets are near and fairly good.

The same food for both male and female departments is served on the long tables in the center of the room. Breakfast, bread and coffee; dinner, soup, meat and potatoes; supper, bread and tea. Every day the same, except Fridays, when salt codfish is substituted for meat.

The food has somewhat improved in quality in the last year. I think when one makes a visit to these poor, unfortunate creatures in these miserable old wooden buildings, his first thought must be why are they left; why not comfortable, new homes built for them; for surely the blind must appeal to every one.

REPORT

OF THE

**Standing Committee of the State Board of Charities
on the Craig Colony and Epileptics.**

is wholly provided for, no accommodations will be available for the reception of private patients. An idea is gaining ground, not only in this State but in other States, that the State of New York is providing a large institution for the care of epileptics generally, and that all necessitous and dependent epileptics will be received and cared for. This is a grave error and should be early and earnestly discountenanced. Another growing misunderstanding is in regard to the reception of private patients in this institution. This is a feature entirely secondary in character and is only to be entertained after all the dependent epileptics of the State have been provided for. In order to ascertain the exact conditions in this State, in regard to the number of epileptics liable to become charges, at the opening of this institution, this Board requested Dr. Hoyt, superintendent of State and Alien Poor, to make a thorough census of the class of indigent epileptics in this State, and to report to this Board, as early as practicable, in order that the managers of the Craig Colony could be informed as to provisions necessary at the outset. Superintendent Hoyt, after a most painstaking and thorough investigation, secured the necessary information and has prepared for the Board a minute and detailed report. For this committee he has prepared a summary of his work, which we append hereto, as the basis of our conclusions, given in this portion of the report.

The following table shows the number and distribution of the dependent epileptics in the State, as thus developed by these visitations, examinations and inquiries:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
In county and city poor-houses and alms-houses.	248	179	427
In institutions for the idiotic and feeble-minded.	74	78	152
In all other institutions.	39	70	109
In family care receiving public out-door poor relief	56	27	83
Total.	417	354	771

usted to it, will not only defeat the original intent of the State, will open the door to the entry of many perplexing problems, elements of disorganization.

ENOCH V. STODDARD, M. D.,
EDWARD W. FOSTER,
PETER WALRATH,
WILLIAM P. LETCHWORTH,
Committee.

dated, ALBANY. N. Y., *January* 8, 1896.

CENSUS

OF

**Dependent Epileptics of the State of New York, by
Dr. Charles S. Hoyt, Superintendent of State
and Alien Poor.**

	Males.	Females.	Totals.
Otsego	0	0	0
Putnam	0	0	0
Queens	0	0	0
Rensselaer	3	0	3
Richmond	1	2	3
Rockland	0	0	0
St. Lawrence	6	6	12
Saratoga	1	0	1
Schenectady	0	0	0
Schoharie	0	2	2
Seneca	0	0	0
Steuben	1	1	2
Suffolk	2	2	4
Sullivan	2	1	3
Tioga	1	2	3
Tompkins	1	0	1
Ulster	1	1	2
Warren	0	1	1
Washington	2	4	6
Wayne	0	1	1
Westchester	3	0	3
Wyoming	1	0	1
Yates	0	2	2
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	88	73	161
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

It will be seen by this table that the whole number of epileptics in the fifty-six county poorhouses of the State, at the time of visitations or reports by the superintendents of the poor or attending physicians, was 161, of whom eighty-eight were males, and seventy-three females. Following are brief accounts of the condition of the epileptics in these institutions, as shown by the inquiries and examinations:

H. C.—Age, 54 years; unmarried; native born. He is physically feeble, mentally weak; admitted December 12, 1891; epileptic thirty-five years; seizures occur every night; headache following each attack.

L. R.—Age, 64 years; unmarried; native born. He was admitted March 21, 1895; epileptic from infancy; feeble health; rather weak-minded; seizures irregular, occurring both day and night, followed by dizziness.

A. J.—Age, 52 years; native born; a single woman; admitted December 7, 1894; epileptic from infancy; in good physical condition, but mentally rather weak; seizures nocturnal, occurring weekly, followed by dizziness and headache.

C. W.—Age, 16 years; native born; married woman; admitted July 2, 1895, having been epileptic two years; physical condition good, but rather weak-minded; seizures weekly, diurnal, followed by dizziness and headache.

Livingston County Poorhouse.

The records of this institution showed that there were ten epileptic inmates at the date of visitation, eight males and two females, as follows:

H. S.—A single man, 33 years old; native born; a farmer by occupation; admitted November 7, 1889, being then an epileptic. The seizures, of late years, occur at intervals at about three months, always at night, and the depression is slight. He is in good physical health and fair mental condition. He is a good farm hand, uses the team in plowing and does other team work, and is classed as a good and trusty laborer.

W. J.—Age, 25 years; of native birth; unmarried; admitted April 4, 1892. The epilepsy first appeared about four years previous to his admission. He had been a farm hand and was regarded as a good laborer. His parents and brothers and sisters are said to have been healthy. The attacks occur about once a month, and then two or three seizures generally follow in quick succession. He recovers rapidly and without much depression.

four or five years, and was then removed to Onondaga county, with the view of adoption into a family. He continued in the family a few months, when he was attacked with epilepsy, and was removed to the State Institution for the Feeble-Minded, at Syracuse, and thence transferred to the Onondaga County Poor-house some sixteen months ago. The seizures occur about twice a month, generally in the day time, and but slight depression follows. He is of feeble intellect, but can read and write, and is obedient and industrious, and it is believed could be trained to usefulness as a laborer. There are no data in respect to his parents or other members of the family.

F. T. — Age, 33 years; single; native of Madison county, where his father resides. He has five brothers and one sister, all of whom are said to be of sound mind. The epilepsy first appeared about eighteen years ago, and he was admitted to the poor-house, April 6, 1892. The seizures are frequent and violent, occurring both night and day, and they often follow each other in rapid succession for several days. He is also partially paralyzed, and quite demented.

S. R. — A single man, 23 years old, an only child, native of Syracuse, where his father resides. He was admitted to the poor-house May 7, 1891. The epilepsy is said to have appeared in childhood, the frequency of the seizures diminishing with the advance of years. The attacks of late occur about once a month, and at times are extremely severe. He is greatly impaired in intellect, and is exceedingly feeble, requiring constant oversight.

A. A. — A married woman, 29 years old, native born, and the mother of one child, the years of age. The epilepsy is said to have commenced when she was a young girl, and she was admitted to the poor-house September 29, 1892. The seizures are frequent, often daily, and are very violent. She is extremely feeble, and is greatly debilitated, and is unable to perform any manual labor.

M. T. — A single woman, 44 years old, native born, and the mother of one child, the years of age. She was admitted to the poor-house May 12, 1891, having been previously in the poor-house at Syracuse. The seizures are irregular, and

tions of insanity. She is in good bodily health, works in the kitchen and laundry, and, under proper supervision, could be trained to useful labor.

J. T.—Age, 23 years; native born; of very low intellect; an inmate about three months. The epilepsy is said to have appeared in infancy, and the attacks increased in violence with advancing years. The seizures are generally nocturnal and occur every two or three days, followed by prolonged depression, and she is frequently extremely violent and destructive, requiring constant oversight and care.

Rockland County Poorhouse.

Dr. A. O. Bogart, attending physician of this institution, writes that there are no epileptics in the county poorhouse at present, and have not been for several months.

St. Lawrence County Poorhouse.

The epileptic inmates of this institution, at the time of visitation, were: Males, six; females, six; total, twelve, as follows:

C. L.—An unmarried man, of Canadian birth; 43 years old; admitted November 17, 1876, being then epileptic. He went out in April, 1878, was with his parents until February, 1884, and since then has been continuously in the institution. The seizures are irregular, at times occurring daily, and at times with intervals of two or three weeks. He recovers quickly, is in fair physical condition, works in and about the house and upon the farm, and is a faithful and trusty laborer. His parents were said to be intelligent and healthy, and he has intelligent and reputable brothers and sisters residing in the county.

V. A. S.—Age 26 years; native born; admitted September 20, 1895. He is an only living child, an epileptic since seven years of age, having been provided for by his mother. The seizures are irregular, coming on mostly at night, and he recovers with but slight depression. He attended the public schools when a child, is fairly educated, clean and tidy in his person and habits, and is inclined to mechanical pursuits, having partially learned the trade

M. P.—A widow, 44 years old; native born; admitted April 29, 1854 then epileptic. The seizures are irregular, often with intervals of two or three weeks and she recovers without much depression. She is in fair health with only slight mental impairment, and is said to be of good family and reputable. She takes sole charge of a ward for women and is regarded as quite useful. Her only child has a home in a good family.

H. H.—A congenitally feeble-minded woman, 44 years old; native born; an inmate since 1854 being then an epileptic. The seizures occur about three times a week, are usually severe, the depression is greatly prolonged and at times she is extremely violent. Her labor is of little or no value. Her father and a brother, residing in the county, are said to be intelligent and reputable.

B. C.—Age, 34 years; native born; congenitally feeble-minded and deformed in the right foot; admitted July 11, 1876, having been epileptic from infancy. The seizures are irregular, often with intervals of two or three months, and she recovers without much depression. Her father is a patient in the St. Lawrence State Hospital, but she has brothers and sisters residing in the county, and they are said to be healthy and intelligent. She assists in light work about the house, but her labor is regarded of no great value.

J. G.—A congenitally feeble-minded woman, of native birth, 30 years of age; admitted May 28, 1881, then epileptic, having previously been in the St. Lawrence County Children's Home. The attacks come on about once a month, generally in the day time, and they are usually very severe, followed by prolonged depression. She is in good physical condition, assists some in the domestic work of the institution, but her labor is not of much value. There are no records as to her family.

H. D.—Age, 75 years; native born; congenitally of feeble intellect; admitted February 17, 1880; said to have been epileptic from childhood. The seizures occur about every two weeks, generally in the night, and she recovers without much depression. She

5. Town Poorhouses.

There are four town poorhouses in the State, viz. The Dix Town Poorhouse and the Hector Town Poorhouse in Schuyler county, and the Hempstead Town Poorhouse and the North Hempstead and Oyster Bay Town Poorhouse in Queens county. A communication was early addressed to the attending physician of each of these institutions, inquiring as to the number of epileptics in their care, but no reply has been received from any of them except from Dr. Charles E. Davis, attending physician of the Hector Town Poorhouse, who writes that there are no epileptics in that institution.

Recapitulation.

The following table shows the number and sex of the epileptics in the various classes of poorhouses and almshouses in the State, viz.:

	Males.	Females.	Total
In county poorhouses.....	88	73	161
In the Kings County Almshouse.....	23	14	37
In the New York City Almshouse.....	134	85	219
In other city almshouses.....	3	7	10
	-----	-----	-----
Total	248	179	427
	=====	=====	=====

It will be seen from this table that the number of epileptics in the various poorhouses and almshouses of the State as developed by the examinations and inquiries is 427, of whom 248 are males and 179 females.

6. Epileptics in Institutions for the Idiotic and Feeble-minded.

The institutions of this class are the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; the Rome State Custodial Asylum; the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, at Newark, and the Brunswick Home, at Amityville, Long Island. The

REPORT

OF THE

Committee on the Deaf.

During the year the committee, by its members or its secretary, have visited and inspected the following institutions for the instruction of deaf-mutes: New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, One Hundred and Sixty-second street, New York; Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo; Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Fordham, and branches at Westchester and Brooklyn; Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome; Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester; Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone; and Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf, Albany. In instituting the comparative study of the methods of instruction adopted in the several institutions and the proficiency of the various pupils in such, the committee has availed itself of the experience of its secretary as an instructor of the deaf and a writer on the subject, and have intrusted him to prepare a special report upon this subject to them. This has been done, and the committee have accepted the special report and have appended it to their own.

TUNIS G. BERGEN,

E. W. FOSTER,

Committee on the Deaf.

The distribution of pupils in the different schools is as follows:

	STATE PUPILS.		COUNTY PUPILS.		PRIVATE PUPILS.		Total
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
One Hundred and Sixty-second street, New York.....	142	72	95	55	4	2	270
Buffalo.....	23	31	25	26	7	5	117
Lexington avenue, New York..	56	49	45	38	1	3	187
Fordham and branches.....	82	79	82	79	19	11	292
Rome.....	46	43	24	20	....	.....	122
Rochester.....	51	45	32	37	2	.....	167
Malone.....	37	24	13	5	....	.....	79
Albany.....	....	.....	7	6	6	1	20
Totals.....	487	343	323	261	31	22	1,405

The average per capita cost for the education and maintenance of each pupil for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1895, is reported as follows:

One Hundred and Sixty-second street, New York (less clothing).....	\$312 45
Buffalo.....	253 89
Lexington avenue, New York (less clothing).....	249 23
Fordham and branches (less clothing).....	717 99
Rome (less clothing).....	284 16
Rochester.....	300 27
Malone.....	331 60

Nearly every one of the institutions enumerated above, adheres to a distinctive method of instruction or to some characteristic fundamental principle, which is generally evidenced by the means employed for imparting ideas to the pupils. It is believed to be extremely fortunate for the interests of deaf-mute education that so large a variety of methods is being followed at the present time by the institutions for the deaf, which are subject to the supervision of this Board, as a scientific examination of the results attained by them will present a most interesting study, and if a comparative showing can be made which will be recognized as trustworthy, a wide and beneficent influence will be exerted upon the educational methods in vogue in the institutions for the deaf

In the month of October statistical blanks were sent to the various institutions for the deaf which, when properly filled out and returned, will not only furnish the Board with detailed information regarding the pupils in attendance, but will also provide data indispensable in measuring the achievements of individual pupils and thus help in forming a proper estimate of the results of examinations. As the statistical blank was devised to meet the special needs of the Board and presents some novel features, photo-engraved cuts are here given.

CUT OF CENTRAL PORTION OF STATISTICAL BLANK WITH THE ENDS
TRIMMED AWAY IN READINESS FOR THE CARD CATALOGUE.

Obverse.

Breghar, William S.

No. 3.140

1 Sept. 10. 1878

2 Sept. 1886

3 Yes. Strabismus

4 Yes. At birth

5 Yes. At birth

6 Hereditary taint

7 No.

8 No.

9 No.

10 No knowledge

11 Sign language

12 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 92. 93. 94. 95.

13 1. 1. 2. 2. 3. 2. 3. 3. 4

14 Yes. For all of 91



15

[OVER.]

Reverse.

16 Yes. Father, mother, sister, brother, uncle & aunt

17 Gardening

18 New York city

19 Edmund Breghar

20 Salina Hixon Breghar

21 American

22 American

23 No.

24 Edmund Breghar, #966 10" Ave New York city

I have examined this report and believe it to be correct.

Dated Oct. 22. 1895

(Signed) E. H. Currier

Principal

[OVER.]

N. Y. I. I. LcC. C. N. Y. St. J. F. — B. — T. W N. Y. N. N. Y. A. H. S.

I.

NEW YORK INSTITUTION FOR THE INSTRUCTION
OF THE DEAF AND DUMB, 162nd STREET
AND TENTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

Opened May 20, 1818.

Principal, ENOCH HENRY CURRIER.

This institution was inspected November 15, 1895, by Commis-
sioner Bergen and Secretary Lyon.

Census on that day:

Officers	4
Teachers (of classes).....	26
Instructors (trade schools).....	....
Employes	98
	<hr/>
	128
	<hr/>
Pupils, male.....	241
Pupils, female.....	129
	<hr/>
	370
	<hr/>

An increase of eight pupils since the inspection of May 22, 1894.
The pupils are classified as follows:

	Male.	Female.	Total.
State pupils.....	142	72	214
County pupils.....	95	55	150
Private pupils, pay.....	1	2	3
Private pupils, free.....	3	.....	3
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	241	129	370
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

The principal also furnished the following list of prominent events which had occurred within the time mentioned, and which may be of interest to this Board as showing something of the extra educational life of the institution.

The one hundredth anniversary of the birthday of the late Harvey Prindle Peet, LL.D., who, as principal of the institution from 1831 to 1867, did much to raise the institution to a high point of usefulness, was formally celebrated November 18 and 19, 1894, in the chapel of the institution.

On February 9, 1895, a number of pupils took a prominent part in the entertainment given at the Madison Square Garden in aid of the New York Teachers' Benefit Association.

On April 9, 1895, the one hundredth anniversary of the establishment of the public school system of the State was commemorated.

On the first Friday of May, in common with the schools for the hearing in this city, "Arbor Day" was duly celebrated. A thrifty young white birch tree was planted, and in honor of the venerable president of the board of directors, was named the "Fancher Tree."

On July 15, 1895, the "golden wedding" of the Rev. Thomas Gallaudet was celebrated in the chapel of the institution, on which occasion more than three hundred deaf mutes and many prominent friends of the deaf were present.

It is quite unnecessary for the principal to intimate that during the time covered by the foregoing regime every member of the official staff has been industrious, inasmuch as the regular work of the institution has been followed despite all interruptions.

Average per capita cost for maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1895, \$253.89.

Prize winner on written examination, Laura Freiburger.

Schedule furnished by the Principal.

Dietary on First Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.— Oatmeal porridge, bread and butter, coffee or milk.

Dinner.— Mashed potatoes, pork steak, stewed tomatoes, bread,

Supper.— Fruit, pears, bread and butter, cookies, tea or milk.

Statement of Changes.

(Since June 1, 1904.)

The presidency of the board of trustees made vacant by the death of Rev. P. S. Dunne has been filled by the appointment of Rev. P. S. Gilmore.

In accordance with President Stewart's suggestion, the girls' dining-room is now on the first floor, the dining-room in the

III.

INSTITUTION FOR THE IMPROVED INSTRUCTION
OF DEAF-MUTES, LEXINGTON AVENUE,
BETWEEN 67th AND 68th STREETS,
NEW YORK.

Opened March 1, 1867.

D. GREENE, Principal.

This institution was inspected December 14, 1895, by Secretary
Lyon. Census on that day:

Officers . . . . .	.....
Teachers (of classes)	17
Instructors (trade school)	6
Employes	26
Total	49
Pupils, male	102
Pupils, female	85
Total	187

A decrease of thirteen pupils since the inspection of May 15, 1894,

	Males.	Females.	Total
State pupils	56	49	105
County pupils	45	33	78
Private pupils, pay	1	3	4
Total	102	85	187

Of this number 165 pupils were present and twenty-two absent
from the institution at the time of inspection.

IV a.

ST. JOSEPH'S INSTITUTE—FEMALE BRANCH-FORDHAM.

Opened 1870.

Principal, Miss MARGARET LAURENT.

This institution was inspected November 16, 1895, by Commissioner Bergen and Secretary Lyon.

Census on that day:

Officers	1
Teachers (of classes)	8
Teachers (of industries)	4
Employees	11
<hr/>	
Total	24
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Pupils, female	99
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An increase of 3 pupils since the inspection of May 28, 1894.

State pupils	53
County pupils	45
Private pupils	1
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Total	99
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Of this number 97 were present and 2 absent from the institution at the time of its inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education for the year ending September 30, 1895, less clothing, \$239.33.

Prize winner on written examination, Margaret Murphy.

*Schedule furnished by the Principal.***Dietary on Day of Inspection.**

Breakfast.— Oatmeal and milk, bread and butter and coffee.

Dinner.— Soup, mashed potatoes, turnips, roast beef, bread and butter, apples for dessert.

Supper.— Bread and butter, prunes, tea.

Statement of Changes.

(Since May 28, 1894.)

The principal changes in matters of instruction are the establishment of a kindergarten and the introduction of the manual alphabet as an auxilliary to language work. Some repairs and improvements have been made in and about the buildings. Steam for heating purposes has been carried to the dormitory on the top floor of the brick building; nearly the whole interior of the house has been repainted; the dining-room refloored; and a number of less important changes made. In addition to these a summer-house has recently been erected in the playground, which adds much to the pleasure and convenience of the pupils at recreation time.

Schedule furnished by the Principal.

74

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.— Oatmeal and milk, coffee, bread and butter.

Dinner.— Pea soup, fresh fish and mashed potatoes, bread, butter and tea for dessert.

Supper.— Milk toast, canned berries, tea, bread and butter.

Statement of Changes.

(Since May 7, 1894.)

The only noteworthy changes during the year are the establishment of a kindergarten and the introduction of the manual alphabet as an auxiliary to language work.

IV c.

MALE DEPARTMENT, WESTCHESTER.

Opened 1875.

Miss CELESTINE SCHOTTMULLER, Principal.

This institution was inspected December 14, 1895, by Secretary Lyon.

Census on that day:

Officers.....	1
Teachers (of classes).....	17
Teachers (of industries).....	5
Employes.	34
Total.	57
Pupils, male.....	183

An increase of twenty-six pupils since the inspection of May 28, 1894.

State pupils.....	82
County pupils.....	82
Private pupils.....	19
Total.	183
Temporarily absent.	4
Quarantined.	1

Average per capita cost for maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1895, less clothing, \$239.33.

Prize winner on written examination, John Henry Knopp.

Schedule furnished by the Principal.

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.— Oatmeal, with milk or syrup, bread and butter, coffee.

Dinner.— Roast beef, potatoes, stewed tomatoes, bread; dessert, cottage pudding.

Supper.— Bread and butter, ginger cookies, tea.

Statement of Changes.

(Since May 31, 1894.)

The only changes in the educational department have been the establishment of a kindergarten under a trained teacher and the introduction of the manual alphabet as an auxiliary in language work.

A new school building is being erected in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by Architect George H. Streeton, through whose courtesy and that of the officers of the institution we are able to present the following description:

The building is 200 feet front with a total depth of about 250

The chapel is located on the first floor of the westerly wing and is entered from a corridor which connects it with the central wing.

The second story is devoted entirely to dormitories in the north, south and central wings, and so arranged that each dormitory opens into a separate fire-proof staircase.

Each dormitory is provided with a toilet-room for night use. The floors and walls of these toilet-rooms, as well as those of all other toilet-rooms about the building, will be tiled.

Over the chapel is located the infirmary, which is expected to be in all respects suited for the purpose intended, and will have a separate fire-proof hall and staircase, kitchen, etc., so that it can be totally isolated from the rest of the building in case of necessity.

The building will be heated by steam with both the direct and indirect system, the steam to be supplied from four 5x16 horizontal tubular boilers located in the boiler-house.

As a means of protection in case of fire there will be a liberal distribution of fire hydrants about the premises, and on each floor of every wing of the building will be located fire lines with fire hose attached, all of which will be connected to the fire pumps in the boiler-house.

The building is to be lighted by gas with the electric gas lighting system, to obviate the use of matches, and thus lessen the danger of fire.

The plumbing of the building is to be of the highest order of sanitary work and of the so-called "exposed work" character; that is to say, the piping throughout is to be all exposed on the walls and ceilings and so connected that should any individual piece get out of order it can readily be removed from the system without interfering with the other sections.

No effort is apparently being spared to make this a model institution of its kind. The specifications require that the various works shall all be of the latest and best designs, put in by skilled mechanics, and that all plans and appointments shall be in per-

V.

CENTRAL NEW YORK INSTITUTION FOR DEAF-MUTES, ROME.

Opened March 22, 1875.

Prof. E. B. NELSON, Principal.

This institution was inspected March 16, 1896, by Secretary Edmund Lyon.

Census on that day:

Officers.	11
Teachers (of classes).	9
Teachers (of industries).	5
EmploYES.	24
Total.	49
Pupils, male.	70
Pupils, female.	63
Total.	133

An increase of one pupil since the inspection of January 28, 1895.

The pupils are classified as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
State pupils.	46	43	89
County pupils.	24	20	44
Total.	70	63	133

Of this number 127 pupils were present and 6 absent from the institution at the time of inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education for the year ending September 30, 1895, less clothing, \$284.16.

Prize winner on written examination, Mattie B. Hathaway.

Schedule furnished by the Principal.

Media of in- struction em- ployed by teachers.	3	Conventional signs, e. g., De L'Epee Language.	1	Modes of in- tercommuni- cation em- ployed by pupils.
	5	Gestures common to the hearing.	4	
	1	Manual alphabet.	2	
	4	Speech and lip-reading.	5	
	2	Writing.	3	
	Prevalence or importance.		Prevalence or importance.	

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.— Oatmeal, beefsteak, cream potatoes (hashed), bread and butter, coffee and milk.

Dinner.— Roast beef and dressing, beets (pickled), potatoes (boiled), gravy, bread and butter, milk.

Supper.— Meat hash, bread and butter, cookies, syrup and milk.

Statement of Changes.

(Since January 28, 1895.)

An addition has been made to the boiler-house, but aside from this the principal stated that no changes of any importance had been made either in buildings or in the method of instruction since the last official examination.

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VI.

WESTERN NEW YORK INSTITUTION FOR DEAF-
MUTES, 945 NORTH ST. PAUL STREET,
ROCHESTER.

Opened October 4, 1876.

Z. F. WESTERVELT, Principal.

This institution was inspected December 2, 1895, by Commissioner Bergen and Secretary Lyon, and visited December 3, 1895, by President Stewart.

Census on that day:

Officers.	11
Teachers (literary class)	16
Teachers (trade classes)	5
Employes.	17

Total.	49
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Pupils, male (1 free, 1 pay)	85
Pupils, female.	82

Total.	167
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An increase of two pupils since the inspection of June 2, 1894.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
State pupils.	51	45	96
County pupils.	32	37	69
Private pupils, pay	1	0	1
Private pupils, free	1	0	1
Total.	85	82	167

Of this number 158 were present and 9 absent from the institution at the time of inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education, \$300.27.

Prize winner on written examination, Louisa Pugh.

Schedule furnished by the Principal.

1894

The principal states "that 'gestures common to the hearing' may sometimes be used to accompany or emphasize spelled or spoken English."

Dietary on the Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal, granulated sugar, bread and butter, coffee, chocolate, milk.

Dinner.—Roast beef, boiled potatoes, cabbage, cold slaw, gravy, bread, apples. }

Supper.—Bread, butter, sauce, milk, tea.

Statement of Changes.

(Since June 2, 1894.)

The kindergarten occupies a separate building, erected in 1881, wherein the children have their living and bed-rooms, and rooms,

VII.

NORTHERN NEW YORK INSTITUTION FOR DEAF
MUTES, MALONE.

Opened September 10, 1884.

EDWARD C. RIDER, Acting Principal.

This institution was inspected November 27, 1895, by President Stewart and Secretary Lyon.

Census on that day:

Pupils, male.....	50
Pupils, female.....	29
Total	79

An increase of three pupils since the inspection of October 2, 1894.

The pupils are classified as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
State pupils.....	37	24	61
County pupils.....	13	5	18
Total	50	29	79

Of this number seventy-eight were present and one absent from the institution at the time of inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1895, \$331.60.

Prize winner on written examination, Charles Darrel Gale.

Statement of Changes.

(Since October 2, 1894.)

Within the year a kindergarten department has been established. This work at present is carried on under adverse circumstances by two trained kindergartners, who were added to the corps of teachers within the year, but with the completion of the proposed kindergarten building this part of the school will be placed on a better footing. The plans for this building are now being prepared by the State Architect, and for its erection the board of trustees have at their disposal, \$12,076.32, the same having been appropriated for the purpose by the State.

The Legislature of 1895 appropriated \$800 for the erection of fire-escapes. These have not yet been put in place, but will be before the beginning of another school year.

Instruction in instrumental music has been introduced, and two of the girl pupils are said already to have made commendable progress in learning to play the piano. Others will be given the advantage of this accomplishment if the results justify the labor and expense.

A special teacher has been employed to instruct classes in art embroidery.

Schedule furnished by the Principal.

1901

In regard to media of instruction the principal says: "Natural signs or gestures are allowed until pupil can express himself by or in words; but in teaching speech, and speech-reading are of the first and greatest importance; second, writing. The natural gestures are discouraged and dropped as soon as possible. We make no use or point of conventional signs or manual alphabet. The teachers know nothing of them."

In regard to modes of intercommunication the principal says: " Gestures common to the hearing, also gestures improvised by the deaf and their friends in their family intercourse before they, the deaf, are sent to school. These are allowed until the little ones can speak or write words. Written words are more readily learned, but I make speech and speech-reading the most important aim and use."

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

The children have a bit of bread and butter about an hour before breakfast, before doing their sweeping, dusting, rug beating, etc.

Breakfast at 7.— Codfish gravy, baked potatoes, Indian muffins, breakfast food, coffee and milk.

Lunch for children at recess 10:30.— Bread or cake, one-half of an apple.

Dinner.— Baked fish with dressing, potatoes, chopped cabbage, rice, tomatoes, fritters and honey.

Supper at 5:30.— Indian pudding, stewed fruit, milk.

R E P O R T

OF

Visitations of Poorhouses of the Third Judicial District.

By COMMISSIONER MARVIN.

REPORT.

To the State Board of Charities:

Agreeably to the statute, the undersigned commissioner of the third judicial district of the State, respectfully submits this, his report, in regard to the poorhouses and almshouses and the administration of public out-door poor relief, in the various counties and cities of the district for the year 1895.

The counties composing the district are Albany, Columbia, Greene, Rensselaer, Schoharie, Sullivan and Ulster. Each of these counties maintain a county poorhouse, and the city of Kingston, Ulster county, a city almshouse for the poor of that city. The total population of the district, by the State census of 1892, was 520,885; of which 216,468, or about forty per cent. was in the cities of Albany, Cohoes, Hudson, Kingston, and Troy, and 304,417, or about sixty per cent. in the rural towns.

The following table shows the number of acres of land attached to each of the poorhouses of the district, the estimated value of the poorhouse establishments, the estimated value of the products of the farms, and the estimated value of the labor of the paupers, for the year 1895, as reported by their proper respective officers:

	Number acres attached to each poor-house.	Estimated value of the poorhouse establishments.	Estimated value of the products of the farms.	Estimated value of the labor of the paupers.
Albany county poorhouse	80	\$140,000	\$1,700 00	\$400 00
Columbia county poorhouse	204	42,000	1,870 50	150 00
Greene county poorhouse	188	27,500	1,917 45	500 00
Rensselaer county poorhouse	146	130,000	1,800 00	400 00
Schoharie county poorhouse	60	10,000	1,000 00	200 00
Sullivan county poorhouse	100	13,000	1,968 70	150 00
Ulster county poorhouse	187	60,000	1,500 00	1,000 00
Kingston city almshouse	52	55,000	800 00	300 00
Total	1,017	\$477,500	\$12,556 65	\$3,100 00

It is thus seen that the number of acres of land attached to the poorhouses of the third judicial district is 1,017; the estimated value of the poorhouse establishments \$477,500; the estimated value of the products of the farms \$12,556.65; and the estimated value of pauper labor \$3,100.

The following table shows the whole number of persons supported in these institutions during the year 1895, and the number and sex of those under care at its close, according to the reports of their respective officers:

	Whole number supported during the year.	REMAINING NOVEMBER 1, 1895.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.
Albany county poorhouse	499	110	60	170
Columbia county poorhouse...	244	78	49	127
Greene county poorhouse.....	210	33	30	63
Rensselaer county poorhouse ..	756	186	87	273
Schoharie county poorhouse...	73	20	16	36
Sullivan county poorhouse....	74	31	21	52
Ulster county poorhouse.....	168	63	28	91
Kingston city almshouse.....	98	38	5	43
Total	2,122	559	296	855

It will thus be seen that the whole number of persons that have been supported in the poorhouses of the third judicial district during the year was 2,122, or 4-10 of 1 per cent. of the entire population of the district, and that there were 855, considerably less than 2-10 of 1 per cent. remaining at the close of the year, of whom 559 were males and 296 females.

The following table shows the amount expended for support and relief by these institutions during the year 1895, as respectively reported by their proper officers:

	For support in connection with the poorhouses.	For out-door relief.	Total.
Albany county poorhouse....	\$28,646 08	\$23,120 00	\$51,766 08
Columbia county poorhouse..	10,849 90	294 11	11,144 01
Greene county poorhouse....	9,031 48	1,270 80	10,302 28
Rensselaer county poorhouse.	21,171 77	3,439 05	24,610 82
Schoharie county poorhouse..	4,500 00	500 00	5,000 00
Sullivan county poorhouse...	5,017 58	2,970 31	7,987 89
Ulster county poorhouse	10,050 00	.....	10,050 00
Kingston city alms-house ...	6,990 12	9,051 61	16,041 73
Total	\$96,256 93	\$40,645 88	\$136,902 81

Thus the total expenditure made by the counties of the third judicial district for the support of its poor was \$136,902.81, of which \$96,256.93 was for support in the poorhouses and \$40,645.88 was expended in out-door relief.

The poorhouse of this district are, with the exception of that in Sullivan county, built of brick and are in very good condition. Those in Greene and Ulster counties are comparatively new, the one in Schoharie county has recently undergone very extensive remodeling, and that of Columbia county has been very much improved. A notable feature in the Rensselaer county poorhouse is the employment of a trained nurse, who has the entire oversight of the hospital departments.

The dependent children of the district are generally sent to the convenient orphan asylums, and most of the dependent sick are provided for in the private benevolent hospitals in the district.

Respectfully submitted,

SELDEN E. MARVIN,
Commissioner Third Judicial District.

Dated, ALBANY, N. Y., February 10, 1896.

REPORT

OF

Visitations of Poorhouses of the Fourth
Judicial District.

By Commissioner FOSTER.

county. This system, I think, is very liable to abuse, and not to be commended. It is obsolete in every part of the State excepting in this beautiful county. It is to be hoped that the officials, in compliance with the changed public sentiment, will not for any length of time consent to the continuance of this system of caring for their dependents.

E. W. FOSTER,

Commissioner for the Fourth District.

January 8, 1896.

REPORT

OF

Visitations of Poorhouses of the Fifth Judicial District.

By Commissioner McCARTHY.

three times a week, or oftener, when required. County supplies medicine. Among the inmates are one blind man, 50 years old; two deaf mutes; one colored girl, 26 years old; two children under 2 years of age. The portion of building now used was formerly the asylum, comparatively new; the old portion, or poorhouse formerly, has been abandoned, and is still unoccupied. The portion of building now used was planned for insane, and is not well adapted for present use. The building throughout was clean and in excellent order, and the supply of water said to be ample and excellent. The farm attached is well cultivated and the returns therefor satisfactory. The beds, bedding and clothing were in good condition. Cost per capita not known at date of visit. The attending physician resides in the village of Mexico; visits the institution three times per week, and more frequently when necessary. His fee is \$1 per visit; county furnishes medical supplies.

OSWEGO CITY ALMSHOUSE.

C. S. NEWELL, *Superintendent.* Mrs. ADA NEWELL, *Matron.*

This institution was visited November 7, 1895. Census: 22 males, 18 females; total, 40. Deaths during the year: Males, 1; females 2. A man, native; died February 1, 1895, aged 45 years; consumption. A woman, aged 59 years; birthplace, Ireland; disease, organic heart trouble. A woman, aged 68 years; birthplace, Ireland; valvular heart trouble. Inmates at the time of inspection consisted principally of aged and infirm people, with the exception of a blind idiotic boy about 10 years old; removal to the Institution for the Blind at Barmen has been sought, but admission has been denied by those in charge of said institution; he should be removed to the Custodial Asylum, at Rome, N. Y., where he can be properly cared for and have youthful associates to assist and mitigate his double affliction.

REPORT

OF THE

Visitation of the Poorhouse of Delaware County.

By Commissioner WALRATH.

REPORT

OF

Visitations of Poorhouses of the Seventh
Judicial District.

By Commissioner STODDARD.

offender, by not placing him in the same class and in association with the incorrigible and degraded criminal.

Our present system of poorhouse administration and organization is far behind the best thought of to-day, in caring for the dependent classes, by failing to provide a system of separating the worthy and respectable from the ignorant and vicious pauper. The two classes should never be herded together in the same poorhouse.

The poorhouse proper should be maintained solely for the care and restriction of the low and vicious class of paupers, while the respectable and worthy poor should be provided for on a cottage or family plan, under the administration of the county authorities, but separated from the ordinary poorhouse. As changes in the present poorhouses are made, these conditions of classification and separation can be established, and with little additional expense, if the system be once generally inaugurated.

The "boarding out" plan, as it has been called, whereby worthy public wards are placed in families, and maintained at public expense, has succeeded in many European countries, and in some sections of our own, where the experiment has been made and conducted under proper supervision and care. The partial adoption of such a system might be tried, as a step toward a better care of the poor, by some of the counties of this State.

Another point which demands attention, is the lack of suitable employment for the inmates of these institutions. This is more noticeable in some than in others. In some of the poorhouses both men and women, who are capable of some labor, are wholly unprovided with any employment; and to their detriment. It is desirable that some system, however simple, should be established in such poorhouses, by which each inmate should be provided with occupation commensurate with his or her mental or physical activity.

The special features noticed in connection with the several poorhouses of this district are stated in the memoranda made at the time of each visit, and are appended hereto as the details of this report.

The dietary for the several meals remains the same as last year and is ample.

The laundry has received some additional facilities, chiefly connected with the new steam boiler. All here was orderly and neat.

General Conditions.

The inmates, male and female, were inspected and found in good condition. While many are aged, there are but few who are very feeble. No cases of acute sickness were found. One female inmate, suffering from organic heart disease, and one of the male inmates, having a broken leg, were the only cases of importance.

Administration.

The farm continues to be well cultivated and, with the extensive garden, furnishes a large part of the supplies used. In the work of the farm and garden the labor of the inmates is mainly employed.

About fifteen cows furnish the milk and butter used in the institution. Several young cattle, hogs and fowls, with three horses, comprise the stock belonging to the institution. The surplus products of the farm have been sold.

Cost.

The annual salaries are:

Keeper and matron	\$750
Physician	150
	<hr/>

The county furnishes the medicines required. Dr. A. L. Beahun, of Canandaigua, is the visiting physician. He makes a bi-weekly visit and at such other times as his services may be required.

Religious services are held by the pastors of neighboring churches and others.

The per capita cost weekly for keeping the inmates, for the past year, was \$1.16.

No separate or adequate hospital accommodations for males or females exist. The room called the "men's hospital" was the most untidy, ill-ventilated and disorderly part of the institution.

No improvements in bathing facilities have been made; a single bath-tub, in fair condition, was found in the women's part. The men have none, and what bathing is followed is done in pails or small foot-tubs and with no system. The same water is often used by two or more persons.

The kitchen and laundry facilities remain meager and insufficient. The diet of the inmates is reasonably varied and sufficient; no regular daily dietary is followed. The various meals contain, upon different days, boiled beef, salt codfish, cornbeef, pork, beef soup, potatoes, cabbage, beans and other vegetables, with fruit, tea and coffee.

The products of the farm are used by the inmates. Five horses, six cows and about forty pigs, with fowls, constitute the livestock. The milk of the cows is supplied to the inmates.

Cost.

The salary of the keeper is \$600. The wife of the keeper acts as matron, with no separate salary. Two men are employed upon the farm, one at \$20 per month and the other at about the same price. One man in the kitchen receives \$6 per week. The physician's salary is \$200 per annum. He furnishes some medicines, but the county supplies the principal part. The visiting physician, Dr. C. B. Osborn, of Waterloo, makes a weekly visit; oftener if his services are needed.

The per capita cost, weekly, for each inmate, not including the products of the farm, is given by the keeper as 73.06 cents.

Recommendations.

Those made in the previous report are repeated and involve:

1. The improvement of the beds and bedding, substituting blankets for the old comforters now in use.

2. An increased water supply and the addition of bathing facilities.

CAYUGA COUNTY POORHOUSE.

Mrs. MILLARD B. COBURN, *Keeper.*

This institution was visited for Commissioner Stoddard by Superintendent of State and Alien Poor, Dr. Hoyt, August 16, 1895.

There has been little, if any, change in this poorhouse during the past year. At the time of this visit, owing to the recent death of the keeper, the institution was under the care of Mrs. Coburn, his wife.

The inmates are all aged, infirm and sick persons. The buildings are clean, neat and in good repair. The various departments are maintained in a condition conducive to the comfort of the inmates.

The farm is reported as having been quite productive during the present year.

There were no insane and no children among the inmates, and the law relative to these two classes is well observed.

Three epileptics, two men and one woman, were found among the inmates. These were examined with especial reference to their later removal to the Craig Colony.

Cost.

The salaries and employes reported for the past year remain unchanged, and the per capita cost of maintenance also materially the same.

LIVINGSTON COUNTY POORHOUSE.

JAMES B. FRAZER, *Superintendent.*

This institution was visited by Superintendent of State and Alien Poor, Dr. Hoyt, for the commissioner of the district, August 27, 1895.

At the time of this visit the number of inmates was about 100, of whom two-thirds were males. There were no children or insane in the institution.

No change has been made in the buildings since the last reported visit and inspection.

The building formerly occupied by the insane remains unoccupied. The inmates are all aged or infirm persons.

The farm has been very productive during the past season.

The several items involving the general expenses of administration remain materially unchanged since the last report.

Cost.

No important change has been made in the administration except the displacement of Mr. Scott, who has for the past nine years so satisfactorily administered the duties of keeper. His successor has not yet completed a year of service. Otherwise the general features of administration as to salaries and the number of employes remain unchanged.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE
STEUBEN COUNTY POORHOUSE.

CHARLES STANTON, *Keeper.*

This institution was visited by Superintendent of State and Alien Poor, Dr. Hoyt, in behalf of the commissioner of the district. On December 6, 1895, the following conditions existed:

Population.

The census of inmates, December 6, 1895, gave a total of 86, of which 66 were males and 20 females; 2 were epileptics and 3 idiotic. No children under 2 years of age.

No material change has occurred in the buildings or general condition of the institution during the past year.

The farm has been productive during the past season, and the usual conditions of order and neatness throughout the institution continue.

The inmates are largely old and feeble and require considerable care, and the aid in household work from them is small. The principal need of the institution lies in additional aid to the matron in her household duties, and in the care of the feeble cases. These wants are compensated for by the energy and personal effort of the officers.

The expenses of maintenance remain about the same as last year.

MONROE COUNTY POORHOUSE.

C. V. LODGE, *Superintendent.*

This institution has been visited by the commissioner of the district on several occasions during the past year. No changes of importance have occurred in its buildings or management.

REPORT

ON THE

Poorhouses in the Eighth Judicial District.

By Commissioner LETCHWORTH.

ited largely to the fact that all the improvements made during recent years have been on a general plan prepared by the Board of Charities and adopted in the beginning by the superintendents of the poor and Keeper Stone.

Respectfully submitted,

WM. PRYOR LETCHWORTH,

Commissioner.

Attest ALBANY, *December 24, 1895.*

REPORT

ON THE

General Hospitals of the State of New York.

By Commissioner SMITH.

munity. The occasional tendency to multiply them unduly from unworthy motives, as already noticed, should be firmly resisted by this Board. To this end, whenever application is made for its approval of the certificate of incorporation of a new hospital, careful personal inquiry should be made by the Commissioner to whom the reference is made to determine the need of a hospital in the proposed locality and the qualifications of its projectors to organize and manage it.

STEPHEN SMITH, M. D.,
ENOCH VINE STODDARD, M. D.,
TUNIS G. BERGEN,

Committee.

REPORT

ON THE

Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute
Indian Children.

By Commissioner LETCHWORTH.

In respect to future appropriations for the asylum, there seems to be an imperative necessity for increasing the allowance for maintenance, which is now unreasonably small, and it has been found impracticable to clothe, feed and comfortably provide for and educate the children upon so small an allowance as \$125 a year for each child. The allowance to institutions for the deaf and dumb and the blind is double this sum, and there seems to be no good reason for so great a disparity. The request made by the board of managers for further appropriations for building and other purposes is regarded as reasonable and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

WM. PRYOR LETCHWORTH,

Commissioner.

Dated ALBANY, *December* 10, 1895.

R E P O R T

IN REGARD TO

STATE AND ALIEN PAUPERS.

By Dr. CHARLES S. HOYT, Superintendent of State and Alien Poor.

4. Expenditures Under the Law During the Year.

The following is a statement of the expenditures for the support and care and for the removal of State paupers for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1895, viz.: For removals to State almshouses, \$890.87; for maintenance, treatment and care in State almshouses, \$10,016.87; for removals from State almshouses to other States and countries, \$14,096.22; for miscellaneous expenses, \$229.67; total, \$25,233.63. For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1894, the expenditures were as follows: For removals to State almshouses, \$748.38; for maintenance, treatment and care in State almshouses, \$10,336.52; for removals from State almshouses to other States and countries, \$12,836.41; for miscellaneous expenses, \$195.80; total, \$24,117.11.

From this statement it will be seen that the total expenditure under the law in 1895 was \$25,233.63, as against \$24,117.11, the expenditure in 1894, an increase of \$1,116.52. The whole number of State paupers under care in 1895 was 2,262, and the average total per capita expenditure \$11.16, as against 2,052 such paupers under care in 1894 with an average total per capita expenditure of \$11.75. As the number of State paupers in the various State almshouses at the close of 1895, was less by six than at the close of 1894, the per capita expenses for such paupers for the current fiscal year are not likely to be increased. There were no outstanding claims under the act October 1, 1895, other than for removals to State almshouses, and these in all did not probably exceed \$100.

5. Financial and Other Beneficial Results of the Law.

The financial and other benefits to the State and its cities and counties, derived from the law in respect to State paupers, can hardly be overestimated in their far-reaching and lasting results, and may be summed up briefly as follows:

First The law provides for the temporary custody, treatment and care of such sick, poor and otherwise disabled and destitute persons of other States and countries as may find their way into

me every needed facility for the execution of the law during the year, and rendered much important and valuable assistance in the discharge of my official duties.

7. Statistical, Financial and Other Tables.

The following is a list of the statistical, financial and other tables appended to this report in regard to State paupers, showing, in condensed form, the operations of the law in respect to their commitment, support and care, and for their removal, year by year, from the time of its going into effect in 1873, to September 30, 1895:

Table No. 1 shows the names and location of the present State almshouses, the time at which the contract was entered into with the State, and the weekly rate for maintenance and care in each.

Table No. 2 shows the changes which occurred in the several State almshouses during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1895.

Table No. 3 shows the number and sex of the State paupers committed to State almshouses each year since the law went into effect October 22, 1873, to September 30, 1895.

Table No. 4 shows the several State almshouses to which the State paupers were committed and the changes occurring in the number under their care, from October 22, 1873, to September 30, 1895.

Table No. 5 shows the ages of the State paupers committed to the several State almshouses from October 22, 1873, to September 30, 1895.

Table No. 6 shows the year in which the State paupers in the several State almshouses, September 30, 1895, were committed.

Table No. 7 shows the classified quarterly expenditure for the support, care and removal of State paupers for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1895.

These tables, made up from the records in the office of the Board, supply many details in the operations of the law, which can not be well considered in this report, and to which attention is respectfully invited.

Appropriation.

The appropriation of \$40,000 by the Legislature of 1895 for the support and care of State paupers, for the removal of alien paupers, and for the care and support by the State of Indian paupers, it is believed, will be adequate for the purposes for the present fiscal year, nor is it probable that any increase will be required for the coming year, and a like appropriation for these purposes by the Legislature of 1896 is accordingly recommended.

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLES S. HOYT.

Superintendent of State and Alien Poor.

Dated ALBANY, N. Y., *December 12, 1895.*

TABLE No. 2.
Showing the changes which occurred in the several State almshouses during the year ending September 30, 1895.

TABLE No. 4.

Showing the several State almshouses to which State paupers were committed, and the changes occurring in the number under their care from October 22, 1873, to September 30, 1895.

* Discontinued

TABLE No. 5.
*Showing the ages of the State paupers committed to the several State almshouses from October 22, 1873, to
September 30, 1895.*

TABLE No. 6.
Showing the years in which State paupers in the care of the several State almshouses, September 30, 1895, were committed.

TABLE No. 7.
Showing the classified quarterly expenditures for the support and care and removal of State paupers for the
fiscal year ending September 30, 1895.

QUARTERS.	Total.			
	For removals to State almshouses.	For maintenance, clothing, medical attendance and care in State almshouses.	For removals from the State to other States and counties.	For miscellaneous expenses and printing.
Quarter ending December 31, 1894.....	\$291 39	\$2,728 11	\$3,894 20	\$50 75
Quarter ending March 31, 1895.....	177 71	2,906 88	3,863 48	67 90
Quarter ending June 30, 1895.....	261 08	2,080 47	3,159 72	41 30
Quarter ending September 30, 1895.....	160 69	2,301 41	3,178 82	69 72
Total	\$890 87	\$10,016 87	\$14,096 22	\$229 67
				\$25,233 63

REPORT
ON THE
CARE OF INSANE IDIOTS.

By Commissioner SMITH.

STATE SUPERVISION

OF

CHILD-CARING AGENCIES.

By HOMER FOLKS, Secretary of the State Charities Aid Association.

**(A paper read before the National Conference of Charities and Correction, held in
New Haven, Conn., May, 1895.)**

State Board of Charities, I should, so far as all the larger State are concerned, unhesitatingly say yes.

The intimate acquaintance with the subject, which the performance of such duties presupposes, seems to me to be all but incompatible with an equal familiarity with all the other divisions of great field of Charities and Correction.

REPORT

ON AN

Investigation of the Management of the Evangelical
Lutheran Orphan Asylum of Syracuse.

By Commissioner WALRATH and Inspector FANNING.

REPORT

OF

Investigation of the Onondaga County Poorhouse

By Commissioners WALRATH and MCCARTHY.

much improved by better furnishing, especially in the hospital department, and the employment of additional attendants. The buildings are not well planned for their purposes, and require considerable repair, for which a reasonable appropriation should be made.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

PETER WALRATH,

Chairman Committee State and Alien Poor.

ROBERT McCARTHY.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., *December 2, 1895.*

REPORT

OF THE

Investigation of the Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children.

By Commissioner LITCHFIELD.

allowance must be made for the difficulties under which they now labor.

The census of the inmates and of the officers, and the further results of the inspection, will be given in a separate report, the intention being to confine this communication as nearly as possible to the inquiry into the methods of discipline.

After completing the inspection we sent for several of the boys and examined them one at a time, in a private room, with nobody present besides myself but Inspector Fanning and the stenographer. The testimony of these boys was taken in writing. Afterwards the superintendent, Mr. Pierce, was called and examined privately as to the statements made by the boys and on matters kindred thereto; and his and their testimony is appended to this report.

It seems that the superintendent has been for sixteen years in the habit of using a chain for the punishment of certain offenses, particularly that of "running away." The boy wears this chain continuously night and day, whether in his bed or at his studies, or going around the house or grounds.

On examination the instrument proved to be a strong chain, with two heavy padlocks. One end was placed around the boy's ankle and padlocked snugly in place; the other end was similarly placed around the other ankle. The length of chain left between the two feet was about 12 inches. The total weight of the instrument varied in different examples from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ or 3 pounds. The superintendent claimed that the ankles were usually protected by buckskin wrappings. He admitted that in one case, that of William Yerks, 14 years of age, this precaution was neglected for several weeks. On a personal examination of this boy we found that his ankles had become markedly calloused in a ring running around them, but more especially so at four points, namely, the front, rear, and two sides. These chains were taken off at bedtime for the purpose of undressing, but immediately replaced, and the boy kept on his stockings for protection from them. Another boy, one Patterson, said the chains made no sores and he showed no callosities.

be said in favor of or against corporal punishment by whipping of children in families or in common schools, its tolerance in corporate and private institutions, without its natural restraints of parental instincts in the family, and of public criticism in the common school, is a tolerance that can not be divorced from an inevitable tendency to abuse;" and further, that once admitted as an exceptional or extraordinary remedy, its use inevitably extends until it becomes the chief reliance for enforcing discipline; and that familiarity with this form of correction leads to cruelty, brutality and inhumanity, and is pernicious in its influence on both officers and inmates, and in the end detrimental to discipline; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the secretary of the State Board of Charities be instructed forthwith to notify the managers of the Westchester Temporary Home for Children, in writing, that the use of chains upon the children in its custody for punishment or restraint must at once be stopped, and that corporal punishment upon such children must be abandoned.

And further, that upon failure to comply with this instruction, this Board will issue its mandate under the Constitution and the statutes and proceed to enforce the same.

TABLES

Appended to the Report.

TABLE No. 1A—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	Date of establlish- ment.	Date of opening.	Superintendent.	Date of appointment.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
New York State Home for the Aged De- pendent Veteran and his Wife, Vet- erans' Mothers, Widows and Army Nurses, Residents of New York*.....	Oxford .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	President, Mrs. Allen M. Putnam. Secretary, E. J. Mitchell. Treasurer, Richard Curran.

* Not yet open.

† Opened to patients January 20, 1896.

TABLE No. 2.

Showing the capacity and cost of the several State institutions, and of the several institutions under State control and private management.

INSTITUTIONS.	Capacity.	Cost of buildings.
New York Institution for the Blind.....	.....	.....
New York State School for the Blind.....	120	\$338,611 00
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.....	500	420,000 00
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.....	540	853,613 50
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women.....	400	186,857 00
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.....	.....	25,000 00
New York House of Refuge... ..	1,000	500,000 00
The State Industrial School.....	900	472,608 12
The House of Refuge for Women.....	300	245,181 82
Western House of Refuge for Women.....	150	119,642 25
Reformatory for Women.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home.....	1,200	278,120 00
Craig Colony.....	300	*115,000 00
Rome State Custodial Asylum.....	850	174,694 18
New York State Home for the Aged Dependent Veteran and his Wife, Veterans' Mothers, Widows and Army Nurses, Residents of New York.....	.....	.....
Total.....	5,760	\$8,173,827 87

* Includes value of land.

TABLE No. 3 — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	PERSONAL ESTATE.							Total valuation.
	Furniture.	Farm stock and imple-ments.	Farm produce.	General supplies	Miscel-laneous articles.	Funds and invest-ments.	Total personal estate.	
New York Institution for the Blind.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State School for the Blind.....	\$6,025 50	\$1,150 00	\$132 00	\$1,297 50	\$8,525 95	.....	\$17,130 95	\$305,741 95
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.....	20,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,000 00	526,000 00
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children...	29,346 47	5,000 00	4,656 25	1,132 57	500 00	.....	40,635 29	460,461 84
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women..	17,081 19	2,022 25	1,067 40	2,267 62	1,415 13	.....	23,863 59	171,688 59
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Chil-dren.....	3,116 75	1,488 00	800 00	.....	2,255 40	.....	7,660 75	32,660 75
New York House of Refuge.....	19,000 00	2,000 00	1,238 33	4,225 79	.....	\$12,030 48	38,563 60	573,563 60
The State Industrial School.....	76,167 00	736 00	.....	25,845 56	15,118 73	.....	118,667 29	595,475 41
The House of Refuge for Women.....	16,189 93	2,771 85	372 50	100 00	370 00	.....	19,734 34	298,911 39
Western House of Refuge for Women.....	6,651 12	1,368 50	.....	.....	1,902 06	.....	9,961 03	141,473 93
Reformatory for Women.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home.....	38,017 25	7,301 29	11,646 06	2,307 53	18,640 79	.....	78,093 01	372,813 01
Craig Colony.....	1,411 21	2,184 43	5,145 85	.....	.....	.....	8,741 49	123,741 49
Rome State Custodial Asylum.....	11,071 60	2,316 56	4,323 70	2,282 08	423 13	.....	20,419 13	230,163 81
New York State Home for the Aged Dependent Veteran and his Wife, Veterans' Mothers, Widows and Army Nurses, Residents of New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	\$244,878 24	\$28,429 43	\$20,464 08	\$39,538 65	\$49,141 19	\$12,030 48	\$408,491 12	\$3,917,095 27

TABLE No. 4—(Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	From sales of farm and garden produce.	From labor of inmates.	From cities, counties and towns.	From indi- viduals for the support of inmates.	From in- terest and dividends on invest- ments.	From loans.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand at beginning of year.
New York Institution for the Blind.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State School for the Blind.....	.....	.....	\$2,827 94	.....	.....	.....	\$905 49	\$48,767 56
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.....	.....	.....	40,411 15	\$988 00	.....	\$1,041 88	803 11	108,441 08
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children ..	\$212 81	\$112 72	11,511 00	8,897 08	.....	.....	151 18	98,490 14
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women	27 05	.....	188 25	.....	.....	.....	2 00	58,886 70
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.....	1,724 88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	531 44	19,661 79
New York House of Refuge .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$48 61	.....	6,708 81	172,880 17
The State Industrial School.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,908 14	214,456 68
The House of Refuge for Women ..	102 18	4,698 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	74,894 69
Western House of Refuge for Women	988 12	78 00	20 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	88,947 15
Reformatory for Women.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,558 41	197,866 59
Craig Colony .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24,148 09
Rome State Custodial Asylum	490 80	.....	.....	877 48	.....	.....	44 65	58,008 77
New York State Home for the Aged Dependent Veteran and his Wife, Veterans' Mothers, Widows and Army Nurses, residents of New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	\$3,545 41	\$4,887 12	\$54,908 44	\$4,760 56	\$48 61	\$1,041 88	\$36,507 23	\$1,099,344 35

TABLE No. 5.

Showing the expenditures of the State institutions and of the several institutions under State control and private management, for the year 1895, the average number of inmates and the weekly cost of support.

INSTITUTIONS.	Salaries of officers, wages and labor.	Provisions and supplies.	Clothing.	Fuel and lights.	Medicines and medical supplies.	Furniture, beds and bedding.	Transportation and traveling expenses.	Ordinary repairs.
New York Institution for the Blind	\$21,915 87	\$9,060 08	\$1,992 00	\$1,989 87	\$240 83	\$2,453 41	\$486 10	\$1,074 70
New York State School for the Blind								
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb	36,728 23	21,206 52	10,898 09	4,578 07	1,453 41	5,350 04	541 00	8,212 55
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children	32,825 22	21,834 32	8,718 09	10,395 67	1,185 71	4,808 29	74 68	1,474 05
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women	17,300 05	14,501 53	813 82	4,494 70	512 95	514 89		285 18
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children	6,328 34	8,750 55	1,948 14	1,138 80	106 49	800 84	51 79	210 97
New York House of Refuge	55,805 25	27,570 57	7,135 39	12,312 23	354 64	4,284 14	848 42	3,632 77
The State Industrial School	65,894 84	36,199 34	17,955 55	16,345 27	1,016 37	11,158 24	1,229 07	4,784 40
The House of Refuge for Women	24,240 02	10,646 35	4,724 82	7,383 29	1,250 09	269 03	2,682 89	3,058 81
Western House of Refuge for Women	10,267 79	5,251 04	727 05	3,738 40	323 68		876 96	297 13
Reformatory for Women								
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home	52,197 44	54,040 56	12,129 03	12,072 73	6,320 04	8,750 75	2,781 30	2,015 54
Craig Colony	3,063 34	130 19			10 00			
Rome State Custodial Asylum	13,034 26	12,195 04	2,269 00	1,464 54	303 56			288 69
New York State Home for the Aged Dependent Veteran and his Wife, Veterans' Mothers, Widows and Army Nurses, residents of New York								
Total	\$339,540 14	\$210,546 14	\$69,380 58	\$75,838 07	\$13,082 27	\$33,424 23	\$9,017 28	\$25,229 29

TABLE No. 7.

Assets of State institutions and of the several institutions under State control and private management at the close of the fiscal year, September 30, 1895.

INSTITUTIONS.	Balance in cash.		Due from counties, cities and towns.	Due from individuals.	Due from sale of manufactures.	Due from all other sources.	Total assets.
New York Institution for the Blind.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State School for the Blind.	\$2,011 90		\$2,738 49				\$4,750 79
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.	2,403 38		359 00	\$1,337 50	\$14 65	\$48 00	4,153 53
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women.	2,472 10		.....	.....	.....	.....	2,472 10
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.	787 45		.....	.....	.....	.....	787 45
New York House of Refuge.	4,031 81		.....	.....	.....	.....	4,031 81
The State Industrial School.	809 09		.....	.....	.....	.....	809 09
The House of Refuge for Women.	7,171 84		.....	.....	.....	.....	7,171 84
Western House of Refuge for Women.	5,364 77		.....	.....	.....	.....	5,364 77
Reformatory for Women.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home.	24,914 48		.....	.....	.....	.....	24,914 48
Craig Colony.	10,799 08		.....	.....	.....	23 85	10,822 93
Rome State Custodial Asylum.	3,242 04		.....	148 42	.....	.....	3,390 46
New York State Home for the Aged Dependent Veteran and his Wife, Veterans' Mothers, Widows, and Army Nurses, residents of New York.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$63,950 94		\$3,077 69	\$1,485 92	\$14 65	\$111 85	\$68,641 25

TABLE No. 8.

Showing the number of persons supported and temporarily relieved, and the changes in the county poorhouses, during the year ending October 31, 1895.

* Change of supt. poor; report for 10 months.
 ‡ No poorhouse; poor boarded by contract.

† No report furnished.

§ No poorhouse.

TABLE No. 8 — (Concluded).

	Discharged.	Bound out.	Absconded.	Died.	REMAINING NOVEMBER 1, 1895.		
					Male.	Female.	Total.
.....	197	.....	7	46	110	60	170
.....	189	.....	1	11	37	20	57
.....	133	.....	.....	28	35	35	112
.....	133	.....	.....	8	43	21	64
.....	513	.....	.....	15	30	33	83
.....	22	.....	4	12	12	45	123
.....	32	.....	.....	14	61	27	91
.....	50	.....	2	5	50	21	71
.....	44	.....	.....	.....	36	23	81
.....	154	.....	.....	12	28	49	127
.....	28	.....	1	4	37	21	58
.....	124	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....
.....	3,517	.....	248	240	529	170	699
.....	51	.....	1	5	31	23	56
.....	27	.....	2	10	25	14	43
.....	12	.....	.....	15	22	11	42
.....	13	.....	.....	2	30	14	64
.....	130	.....	2	15	33	30	63
.....	317	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....
.....	22	.....	8	20	62	22	86
.....	3,253	.....	1	8	60	37	117
.....	2	.....	10	11	32	17	49
.....	2,253	.....	.....	16	65	32	97
.....	2	.....	1	91	33	33	102
.....	2	.....	1	8	212	113	361
.....	2	.....	1	16	32	23	61
.....	2	.....	14	41	60	35	95
.....	2	.....	13	52	172	27	259
.....	2	.....	14	40	117	39	176
.....	2	.....	32	38	40	24	68
.....	2	.....	3	6	61	15	109
.....	2	.....	3	9	47	26	73
.....	2	.....	5	14	42	22	70
.....	2	.....	.....	14	33	30	59
.....	2	.....	.....	6	43	8	56
.....	2	.....	37	20	121	21	148
.....	2	.....	.....	56	126	21	253
.....	2	.....	1	22	65	13	108
.....	2	.....	.....	9	65	13	90
.....	2	.....	10	10	30	49	99
.....	2	.....	11	20	75	21	96
.....	2	.....	.....	12	54	14	72
.....	2	.....	.....	1	20	16	36
.....	2	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....
.....	2	.....	17	13	25	5	30
.....	2	.....	10	28	63	14	81
.....	2	.....	.....	11	8	16	161
.....	2	.....	.....	2	31	21	52
.....	2	.....	.....	12	19	27	46
.....	2	.....	2	25	11	14	55
.....	2	.....	.....	2	63	24	91
.....	2	.....	.....	6	42	14	60
.....	2	.....	23	24	31	41	75
.....	2	.....	50	63	58	32	90
.....	2	.....	7	11	193	72	265
.....	2	.....	4	3	27	26	56
.....	2	.....	.....	.....	26	12	38
.....	13,234	85	593	1,148	1,020	1,957	5,977

TABLE No. 9.

Showing the number of idiots, epileptics, blind, deaf-mutes and children in the county poorhouses October 31, 1895.

PLATE
OF
TABLES

TABLE No. 11.

Amount expended for support and relief during the year.

COUNTIES.	In connec- tion with the poorhouses.	For out-door relief.	To'al.
Albany	\$28,646 08	\$23,120 00	\$51,766 08
Allegany	5,045 36	7,572 28	12,617 64
Broome	9,383 76	19,698 70	29,082 46
Cattaraugus	8,084 94	12,168 40	20,253 34
Cayuga	6,216 45	28,814 34	34,530 79
Chautauqua	7,940 37	17,973 27	25,913 64
Chemung	11,980 80	.....	11,980 80
Chenango	12,754 51	3,693 00	16,447 51
Clinton	10,523 43	6,403 47	16,926 90
Columbia	10,849 30	204 11	11,144 41
Cortland	5,285 10	5,492 77	10,777 87
Delaware .....	.....	.....	.....
Dutchess	12,413 21	1,573 04	13,986 25
Erie	124,053 27	38,120 04	262,173 31
Essex	3,250 00	2,500 00	5,750 00
Franklin	4,036 63	5,997 49	10,034 12
Fulton	5,652 79	18,257 51	23,910 30
Genesee	8,267 31	9,195 18	17,462 49
Greene	9,031 45	1,270 80	10,302 25
Hamilton .....	.....	.....	.....
Herkimer	6,728 88	.....	6,728 88
Jefferson	6,683 80	19,000 00	25,683 80
Lewis	2,549 37	4,027 53	6,576 90
Livingston	7,836 49	4,765 64	12,602 13
Madison	7,892 86	5,439 74	13,332 60
Monroe	28,497 21	84,225 23	112,722 44
Montgomery	9,282 44	25,952 87	35,235 31
Niagara	12,038 74	.....	12,038 74
Oneida	56,486 81	25,001 76	81,488 57
Onondaga	15,191 17	9,907 54	25,098 71
Ontario	9,035 14	26,272 47	35,307 61
Orange	13,754 02	4,816 46	18,570 48
Orleans	8,364 03	6,701 33	15,065 36
Oswego	6,031 60	10,261 09	16,292 69
Otsego	12,120 60	3,418 24	15,538 84
Putnam	6,203 69	.....	6,203 69
Queens	24,970 33	1,757 65	26,727 98
Rensselaer	21,171 77	3,439 05	24,610 82
Richmond	15,900 00	3,167 61	19,067 61
Rockland	8,919 73	5,574 70	14,494 43
St. Lawrence	13,084 77	14,624 37	27,709 14
Saratoga	10,879 52	.....	10,879 52
Schenectady	8,738 41	3,621 72	12,360 13
Schoharie	4,500 00	500 00	5,000 00
Schuyler .....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca	7,352 72	4,058 45	11,411 17
Steuben	12,580 03	16,987 31	29,567 34
Suffolk	17,320 73	20,744 48	38,065 21
Sullivan	5,017 38	2,970 31	7,987 69
Tioga	2,819 20	14,161 91	16,981 11
Tompkins	4,545 89	10,494 40	15,040 29
Ulster	10,050 00	.....	10,050 00
Warren	8,723 02	348 50	9,071 52
Washington	5,014 25	.....	5,014 25
Wayne	13,026 11	6,579 48	19,605 59
Westchester	20,214 49	1,310 37	21,524 86
Wyoming	6,979 21	1,024 72	8,003 93
Yates	3,317 29	7,682 33	10,999 62
Total	\$716,962 50	\$609,941 91	\$1,326,904 41

TABLE No. 13.

Showing the number of persons supported and relieved, and the changes in the city almshouses during the year ending October 31, 1895.

* Exclusive of insane included last year.

TABLE No. 13 — (Concluded).

NAME.	Discharged.	Absconded.	Died.	REMAINING NOV. 1, 1895.		
				Males.	Females.	Total.
Kings county (Brooklyn city) almshouse.....	7,947	35	1,048	2,174	2,860	4,584
Kingston city almshouse.....	41	.....	14	24	5	43
Newburgh city and town almshouse.....	68	.....	17	65	44	109
New York city almshouse.....	30,737	360	3,333	2,445	2,070	4,515
Oswego city almshouse ..	10	3	3	22	19	41
Poughkeepsie city almshouse.....	154	9	16	44	36	80
Total	38,937	406	4,416	4,780	4,984	9,764

TABLE No. 14.

Showing the number of insane, idiots, epileptics, blind, and deaf-mutes and children in the city almshouses October 31, 1895.

NAME.	Idiots.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Epileptics	Children under 3 years of age.	Children between 3 and 16.
Kings county (Brooklyn city) almshouse	35	28	5	134	64	65
Kingston city almshouse	3	3	.....	3	.....	.....
Newburgh city and town almshouse.....	3	3	.....	3	3	1
New York city almshouse.....	453	130	3	135	158	900
Oswego city almshouse	3	1	.....	3	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie city almshouse.....	1	3	.....	2	.....	.....
Total	517	168	8	277	224	966

TABLE No. 18.

Showing the estimated value of the property of orphan asylums and homes for the friendless, and their indebtedness at the close of the year ending September 30, 1895.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.		
				Real.	Personal.	Total.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.....	\$25,000 00	\$69,300 00	\$104,300 00	.....	.....	.....
Albany Orphan Asylum.....	63,000 00	64,850 00	147,850 00	.....	.....	.....
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York.....	150,000 00	27,496 42	177,496 42	.....	.....	.....
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, New York.	80,000 00	.....	80,000 00	\$37,000 00	\$41,816 90	\$41,816 90
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females, New York.....	275,000 00	541,800 00	816,800 00	.....	.....	.....
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	58,900 00	.....	58,900 00	4,034 95	1,182 49	5,277 44
Asylum of the Sisters of St. Dominic, Blauveltville.....	83,000 00	.....	83,000 00	35,000 00	1,000 00	36,000 00
Auburn Orphan Asylum	25,000 00	.....	25,000 00	9,500 00	5,000 00	14,500 00
Baptist Home, Brooklyn	100,000 00	45,943 39	145,943 39	.....	.....	.....
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York.....	128,000 00	55,000 00	183,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York, West Farms.....	26,000 00	12,900 00	37,900 00	.....	1,600 00	1,800 00
Berachah Orphanage, New York.....	85,000 00	.....	85,000 00	15,000 00	.....	15,000 00
Bethany Lodging House for Homeless Women, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bethlehem Orphan and Half-Orphan Asylum, College Point, L. I. .	17,570 78	342 80	17,913 58	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People.....	25,586 83	4,000 00	29,586 83	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children	175,000 00	25,000 00	200,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial School Association, E. D.	132,108 43	13,036 16	145,144 59	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital.....	55,000 00	509 40	55,509 40	.....	1,150 42	1,150 42
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York.	.....	7,000 00	7,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo Deaconess' House of the Methodist Episcopal Church.....	12,000 00	.....	12,000 00	4,000 00	.....	4,000 00
Buffalo Orphan Asylum	54,983 14	205,620 72	260,603 86	.....	.....	.....
Burnham Industrial Farm, Canaan	35,000 00	4,000 00	39,000 00	.....	3,489 07	3,489 07
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn	76,000 00	31,370 00	107,370 00	.....	.....	.....
Chaplin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York	135,000 00	95,952 61	230,952 61	.....	.....	.....
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo ..	115,000 00	130,224 16	251,224 16	.....	7,700 00	7,700 00
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, Brooklyn	110,000 00	70,000 00	180,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, Buffalo	15,000 00	2,700 00	17,700 00	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York	500,000 00	300,000 00	800,000 00	87,250 00	13,773 41	51,023 41
Children's Fold, New York.....	16,000 00	.....	16,000 00	.....	2,918 73	2,918 73
Children's Friend Society, Albany.....	16,000 00	18,200 00	34,200 00	.....	.....	.....
Children's Home, Amsterdam.....	10,000 00	1,250 00	11,250 00	.....	.....	.....

(For Institutions for the deaf, see supplemental tables.)

St. Mary's Maternity and Children's Home, Brooklyn	27,800 00	14,458 84	27,800 00	7,000 00	200 00	7,200 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	20,750 00		20,750 00			
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk	11,000 00		11,000 00			
St. Mary Orphan Asylum, Port Jervis	50,000 00		50,000 00			
St. Michael's Home for Destitute Children, Green Ridge, S. I.	68,500 00		68,500 00	10,000 00	1,638 80	11,638 80
St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester						
St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association, Rondout	60,000 00					
St. Peter's Mission, Brooklyn		14,458 84				
St. Peter's Parish Home for Aged, Infirm and Destitute Persons, New York						
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery, New York						
St. Vincent de Paul's Industrial School, New York						
St. Vincent de Paul's Orphan Asylum, New York	203,714 45		203,714 45			
St. Vincent de Paul's Orphan Asylum, Syracuse	91,500 00		91,500 00	21,500 00		21,500 00
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany	134,289 00		134,289 00	13,000 00		13,000 00
St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	75,000 00		75,000 00	1,600 16		1,600 16
St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum, Troy	106,075 00		106,075 00	13,000 00		13,000 00
St. Vincent's Home for Boys, Brooklyn	20,000 00		20,000 00	5,000 00		5,000 00
St. Vincent's Industrial School, Utica	92,000 00		92,000 00	45,000 00		45,000 00
St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	100,000 00		100,000 00			
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany	45,000 00		45,000 00			
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women, New York						
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, New York	40,000 00		40,000 00	10,000 00	2,500 00	12,500 00
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.						
Samaritan Home for Aged Men and Women, New York	40,000 00	46,287 50	86,287 50			
Saratoga Home for Children	6,000 00		6,000 00			
Sheltering Arms, New York	223,459 56	153,457 25	376,916 81	21,500 00		21,500 00
Sheltering Arms Nursery Protestant Episcopal Church, Brooklyn	38,250 00	28,000 00	66,250 00			
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	13,500 00	1,790 00	15,290 00			
Shelter for Fold of the City of New York	11,500 00		11,500 00			
Shepherds' Fold of the City of New York	10,700 00	1,889 44	12,589 44	4,000 00		4,000 00
Silver Cross Day Nursery, New York						
Sisters' Home and Training School for Children, New York	344,947 00		344,947 00	74,809 94	8,978 24	83,788 18
Sisters of the Third Order of St. Dominic, New York	82,321 24	12,000 00	94,321 24		987 43	987 43
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn						
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children West Seneca	186,827 93	14,249 07	201,077 00	10,000 00	19,856 02	20,856 02
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton	1,000 00	129,945 00	130,945 00			
Society for the Relief of Half Orphan and Destitute Children, New York	232,235 65	233,211 94	465,447 59			
Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females, Brooklyn	75,000 00	90,000 00	165,000 00			
Society of St. Johnland, King's Park, L. I.	113,555 21	97,224 76	210,779 97			
Society of St. Martha, New York						
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira	35,000 00	3,650 00	38,650 00			
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank	2,500 00		2,500 00			
Sunnyside Day Nursery, New York	16,611 58		16,611 58			
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton	40,000 00	1,000 00	41,000 00			
Swiss Benevolent Society of New York	27,628 31	4,819 72	32,448 03			
Syracuse Home Association	55,000 00	53,100 00	108,100 00			

TABLE No. 18 — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.		
				Real.	Personal.	Total.
Syrian Society of the City of New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$88 94	\$88 98
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mincola	\$20,000 00	\$1,530 00	\$21,530 00	.....	.....	.....
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Anchorage, Elmira	8,500 00	.....	8,500 00	\$2,500 00	.....	2,500 00
The Babies Shelter of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Home, Ithaca .....	.....	50,417 09	50,417 09	.....	.....	.....
The Lathrop Memorial, Albany	10,250 00	31,386 00	41,586 00	.....	.....	.....
Training School and Home for Young Girls, Brooklyn	25,000 00	100,000 00	125,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Trinity (Chapel) Home, New York	1,250 00	.....	1,250 00	.....	757 95	757 95
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum .....	.....	18,413 95	18,413 95	.....	5,800 82	5,806 82
Troy Orphan Asylum	106,216 75	144,778 25	251,000 00	70,000 00	.....	70,000 00
Truant Home, Brooklyn §§	200,000 00	.....	200,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Utica Orphan Asylum	50,000 00	102,886 67	152,886 67	.....	.....	.....
Vassar Brothers Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie	50,000 00	115,000 00	165,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Villas Home for Old Ladies, Plattsburg	40,000 00	45,000 00	85,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	35,000 00	.....	35,000 00	8,000 00	3,500 00	11,500 00
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, East New York	32,000 00	.....	32,000 00	.....	193 33	193 33
Wartburg Orphan Farm School, Mount Vernon	100,000 00	3,000 00	103,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli-on-Hudson .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wayside Day Nursery, New York	15,500 00	.....	15,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Wayside Home, Brooklyn	23,500 00	.....	23,500 00	8,500 00	.....	8,500 00
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights ..	18,000 00	.....	18,000 00	8,000 00	.....	8,000 00
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York	478,840 80	.....	478,840 80	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Home, Randolph	8,000 00	1,800 00	9,800 00	4,000 00	.....	4,000 00
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains ..	52,227 37	5,500 00	57,727 37	1,500 00	3,000 00	4,500 00
Wilson Industrial Home for Girls, New York	20,000 00	.....	20,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming Benevolent Institute, Genesee Falls	50,000 00	40,000 00	90,000 00	.....	.....	.....
.....	1,150 00	697 06	1,847 06	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$36,525,543 80	\$9,019,037 42	\$34,544,581 22	\$2,680,737 47	\$929,821 01	\$3,310,558 48

* Not yet open. † Temporarily closed. ‡ Land is a leasehold. § Opened May 21, 1895. ¶ Closed May 5, 1895, by foreclosure of mortgage.
† On former tables as Foundling Asylum of Sisters of Charity. ** Closed. †† Branch of Institution of Mercy, New York. ‡‡ Finances with St. Mary's Female Hospital. §§ Transferred to board of education by Legislature of 1895.

TABLE No. 19.

Showing the receipts of orphan asylums and homes for the friendless for the year ending September 30, 1895.

INSTITUTIONS.							STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.						
	Cash on hand.	From the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	By legacies, donations and voluntary contributions.							
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.....	\$2,914 25	.....	\$48,849 47	.....	.....	\$1,212 50							
Albany Orphan Asylum.....	1,083 14	.....	.....	.....	\$700 70	8,300 00							
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York.....	26,888 89	.....	.....	\$49,006 99	.....	19,006 87							
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, New York.....	7 99	.....	907 71	7,100 20	.....	6,060 24							
Association for the Relief of Respectable, Aged, Indigent Females, New York.....	12,900 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	85,184 97							
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo.....	275 75	.....	2,149 92	.....	3,177 96	2,714 70							
Asylum of the Sisters of St. Dominic, Blauveltville.....	1,001 48	.....	378 00	89,051 44	.....	.....					
Auburn Orphan Asylum.....	88 10	.....	0,240 24	.....	674 32	.....						
Baptist Home, Brooklyn.....	42,554 92	.....	.....	.....	5,412 84	2,770 95							
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York.....	1,736 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,242 51							
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York, West Farms.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,748 81							
Berachah Orphanage, New York.....	548 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,086 54							
Bethany Lodging-house for Homeless Women, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Bethlehem Orphan and Half-Orphan Asylum, College Point, N. Y.....	079 62	.....	.....	.....	1,520 00	3,863 26							
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People.....	1,143 93	.....	.....	159 46	1,806 24	3,234 83							
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children.....	6,536 21	.....	24,379 00	5,088 40	1,904 50	7,817 46							
Brooklyn Industrial School Association, E. I.....	5,138 57	.....	.....	17,270 24	.....	2,710 70							
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital.....	269 81	.....	3,085 01	2,500 00	2,241 53	8,814 23							
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York.....	7,003 47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Buffalo Deaconess' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church.....	10 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Buffalo Orphan Asylum.....	5,018 31	.....	2,147 00	.....	.....	.....				
Burnham Industrial Farm, Canaan.....	128 92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn.....	49 08	.....	4,250 00	.....	.....	.....				
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York.....	1,742 68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo.....	1,653 91	.....	471 00	.....	.....	.....				
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Children's Aid Society, Brooklyn.....	4,774 27	.....	.....	2,850 55	2,004 52	21,743 87							
Children's Aid Society, Buffalo.....	115 05	.....	.....	450 00	.....	.....					
Children's Aid Society, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	70,000 00	.....	.....					
Children's Fold, New York.....	1,223 24	.....	.....	17,418 42	.....	.....					
Children's Friend Society, Albany.....	522 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Children's Home, Amsterdam.....	58 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Children's Home, Newburgh.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn.....	259 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Church Home of the City of Troy.....	518 66	.....	5,079 14	.....	.....	.....				
Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, New York.....	1,802 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
		.....	.....	17,753 96	4,233 57	24,201 23							

TABLE No. 19—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand.	From the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	By legacies, donations and voluntary contributions.
Madison County Orphan Asylum, Peterboro.....	.....	.....	\$2,800 00	.....	.....	.....
Magdalen Benevolent Society, New York.....	\$9,423 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$4,323 95
Margaret Strachan Home for Fallen Women, New York.....	1,827 72	.....	.....	.....	\$2,849 77	.....
Mariners' Family Asylum, Stapleton, L. I.....	1,718 75	.....	.....	.....	1,291 28	6,623 04
Martha Wilson Home, Mount Vernon.....	807 77	.....	.....	.....	422 25	71 33
Masonic Home and Asylum, Utica.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Messiah Home for Little Children, New York.....	69 41	.....	.....	\$100 00	1,071 50	2,161 00
Methodist Episcopal Church Home of Brooklyn.....	1,577 07	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,445 97
Methodist Episcopal Church Home, New York.....	8,242 62	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,815 61
Midnight Mission, New York.....	632 29	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,933 87
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, New York.....	8,218 79	.....	.....	92,860 85	8,128 13	4,003 08
Missionary Sisters of the Third Order of St. Francis, New York.....	15,113 22	.....	24,458 99	88,620 71	.....	4,177 89
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy.....	81 95	.....	11,235 23	.....	2,811 18	2,044 74
New York Catholic Protectory.....	16,850 44	.....	17,518 32	253,047 46	305 00	1,888 50
New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men.....	585 87	.....	.....	.....	4,003 69	13,070 73
New York Deaconess' Home and Training School of the Methodist Episcopal Church.....	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,000 00
New York Foundling Hospital.....	9,620 15	.....	.....	284,626 53	4,479 00	6,785 50
New York Infant Asylum.....	6,595 84	.....	.....	76,443 75	386 78	1,924 73
New York Juvenile Asylum.....	53,880 50	.....	.....	86,336 20	869 37	29,119 23
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde.....	3 84	.....	.....	350 00	1,471 14	20,018 33
Nursery and Childs' Hospital, New York.....	17,638 42	.....	.....	70,919 81	7,134 25	855 00
Ogdenburgh City Hospital and Orphan Asylum.....	490 10	.....	.....	.....	5,271 83	1,044 33
Old Ladies' Home, Oneida.....	1,355 46	.....	.....	.....	822 94	6,025 34
Old Ladies' Home, Poughkeepsie.....	33 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,553 40
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse.....	6,409 60	.....	6,730 24	7,533 51	1,189 25	10,899 50
Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua.....	194 80	.....	1,555 14	.....	741 40	213 42
Open Door Mission, Albany.....	915 30	.....	.....	873 27	423 00	699 00
Orange County Home for Aged Women, Middletown.....	7,633 47	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,306 67
Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn.....	12,542 18	.....	.....	11,045 34	4,780 87	16,539 41
Orphan Asylum Society, New York.....	47,223 71	.....	.....	973 06	.....	23,042 38
Orphan Asylum Society of the Reformed Churches of Brooklyn and New York, East Williamaburg.....	27	.....	105,501 50	6,144 19	510 27	1,022 40
Orphan's Home and Asylum of the Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, E. D.....	5,190 54	.....	.....	.....	8,189 33	.....
Orphan's Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York.....	457 76	304 97	2,618 33

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TABLE No. 19 — (Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand.	From the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	By legacies, donations and voluntary contributions.
Madison County Orphan Asylum, Peterboro.....	\$9,423 80	.....	\$2,800 00	.....	.....	.....
Magdalen Benevolent Society, New York.....	1,827 72	.....	.....	.....	\$2,849 77	\$4,322 95
Margaret Strachan Home for Fallen Women, New York.....	1,718 75	.....	.....	.....	1,291 28	6,023 04
Mariners' Family Asylum, Stapleton, L. I.....	907 77	.....	.....	.....	422 25	71 23
Martha Wilson Home, Mount Vernon.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Masonic Home and Asylum, Utica.....	69 41	.....	.....	\$100 00	1,071 50	2,161 00
Messiah Home for Little Children, New York.....	1,577 07	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,445 97
Methodist Episcopal Church Home of Brooklyn.....	3,242 62	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,815 61
Methodist Episcopal Church Home, New York.....	632 29	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,993 87
Midnight Mission, New York.....	3,218 79	.....	.....	92,860 85	3,128 12	4,903 08
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, New York.....	15,113 22	.....	24,458 99	88,620 71	.....	4,177 89
Missionary Sisters of the Third Order of St. Francis, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy.....	31 36	.....	11,293 22	.....	2,811 18	2,044 74
New York Catholic Protectory.....	16,856 44	.....	17,518 32	258,047 46	305 00	1,893 50
New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men.....	585 87	.....	.....	.....	4,006 69	13,070 73
New York Deaconess' Home and Training School of the Methodist Episcopal Church.....	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,000 00
New York Foundling Hospital.....	9,620 15	.....	.....	294,626 53	4,479 00	6,705 50
New York Infant Asylum.....	6,595 84	.....	.....	76,443 75	336 78	1,924 72
New York Juvenile Asylum.....	53,880 50	.....	.....	86,386 20	869 37	29,119 23
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde.....	3 84	.....	.....	350 00	1,471 14	20,018 93
Nursery and Childs' Hospital, New York.....	17,088 42	.....	.....	70,919 81	7,134 25	855 00
Oklensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum.....	440 10	.....	.....	.....	5,271 88	1,044 83
Old Ladies' Home, Oneida.....	1,355 46	.....	.....	.....	822 94	6,025 34
Old Ladies' Home, Poughkeepsie.....	38 82	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,563 40
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse.....	6,499 66	.....	6,730 24	7,533 51	1,189 25	10,899 50
Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua.....	194 80	.....	1,555 14	.....	741 40	213 42
Open Door Mission, Albany.....	915 20	.....	.....	878 27	423 00	689 00
Orange County Home for Aged Women, Middletown.....	7,833 47	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,803 67
Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn.....	12,542 18	.....	.....	11,045 34	4,780 87	16,589 41
Orphan Asylum Society, New York.....	47,228 71	.....	.....	978 05	.....	23,642 23
Orphan Asylum Society of the Reformed Churches of Brooklyn and New York, East Williamsburg.....	27	.....	.....	.....	510 27	1,032 40
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, E. D.....	5,190 54	.....	105,501 50	6,444 19	3,139 33	.....
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York.....	457 76	808 87	2,613 83

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

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Institution	Assets	Liabilities	Surplus
Orphan House of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown.....	87 50	4,845 06	983 15
Orphanage of the Church of the Holy Trinity New York	909 29	576 57	332 72
Orphanage of Our Lady of Mercy, North Tarrytown.....	1,845 08	787 98	1,057 10
Oswego Orphan Asylum	1,211 80		1,211 80
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York			
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless			
Presbyterian Home Association, Troy			
Presbyterian Home for the Aged in the City of Brooklyn.....			
Presbyterian Home, New York	10,923 85		10,923 85
Presbyterian Rest for Convalescents, White Plains.....	1,280 39		1,280 39
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester.....	285 77		285 77
Riverside Rest Association, New York			
Rochester Home of Industry.....	3 51	52 00	48 49
Rochester Orphan Asylum	11,486 50	8,455 49	3,031 01
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn.....	1,253 51	89,159 25	1,064 26
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, New York	2,215 02		2,215 02
St. Agatha's Home for Children, Nanuet.....	480 00	251 90	228 10
St. Barnabas' House, New York	2,380 89		2,380 89
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, New York.....	63 88		63 88
St. Christopher's Day Nursery, Brooklyn.....			
St. Christopher's Home, Dobbs Ferry.....			
St. Colman's Industrial School and Orphan Asylum, West Troy.....	663 60	14,807 17	14,143 57
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	516 25		516 25
St. Francis' Asylum, Buffalo.....	291 65	1,713 21	1,421 56
St. James' Asylum, Buffalo.....	395 50		395 50
St. James' Home, New York	49 89		49 89
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum Utica.....		13,145 75	13,145 75
St. John's Orphan Asylum, Greenbush.....		5,833 10	5,833 10
St. Joseph's Asylum and House of Providence, Syracuse.....	99 95	1,253 46	1,153 51
St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Rochester.....	973 50	290 12	683 38
St. Joseph's Home, South Troy.....		153 42	153 42
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York	717 88		717 88
St. Joseph's Infant Home, Syracuse.....		488 00	488 00
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, West Seneca.....	820 50	7,842 59	7,022 09
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Corning.....			
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, New York	16,574 11		16,574 11
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Long Island City.....		520 00	520 00
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York	2,161 43		2,161 43
St. Malachy's Home, Brooklyn.....	2,240 57		2,240 57
St. Margaret's Home, Red Hook.....			
St. Margaret's House, Albany.....	1,240 21	3,977 08	2,736 87
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester.....	407 60	1,966 59	1,558 99
St. Mary's Catholic Orphan Asylum, Binghamton	255 28	7,770 15	7,514 87
St. Mary's Maternity and Children's Home, Brooklyn			
St. Myr's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua.....	2 00	1,217 00	1,215 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk.....	823 90	3,202 46	2,378 56
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Port Jervis.....		4,511 50	4,511 50
St. Michael's Home for Destitute Children, Green Ridge, L. I.			
St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester.....	821 50	1,547 51	726 01
St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association, Rondout			
St. Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn	954 85		954 85

TABLE No. 19—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand.	From the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	By legacies, donations and voluntary contributions.
St. Philip's Parish Home for Aged, Infirm and Destitute Persons, New York	\$804 72	.....	.....	\$100 00	.....	\$3,808 95
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent de Paul's Industrial School, New York	70 15	.....	.....	10,618 43	\$6,225 10	10,282 65
St. Vincent de Paul's Orphan Asylum, New York	.....	.....	.....	7,261 59	1,056 77	8,237 10
St. Vincent de Paul's Orphan Asylum, Syracuse	.....	.....	\$2,415 42	.....	144 00	862 12
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany	1,878 29	.....	16,479 93	.....	1,200 50	1,443 96
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	92 68	.....	8,687 98	1,300 00	450 00	2,320 85
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	1,394 64	.....	2,100 25	12,100 50	.....	2,140 75
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy	266 94	.....	.....	973 31	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Home for Boys, Brooklyn	1,420 73	.....	8,843 66	.....	11,000 51	1,854 98
St. Vincent's Industrial School, Utica	612 00	.....	4,189 71	574 67	5,654 35	2,384 38
St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	200 70	.....	10,831 00	428 47	.....	600 00
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany	100 00	.....	.....	.....	625 00	.....
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women, New York	239 41	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,760 10
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, New York	74,232 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.	1,375 16	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....
Samaritan Home for Aged Men and Women, New York	475 04	.....	683 80	.....	.....	5,579 64
Saratoga Home for Children	1,103 54	.....	.....	.....	.....	953 35
Sheltering Arms, New York	1,373 82	.....	.....	.....	5,411 50	18,554 24
Sheltering Arms Nursery, Protestant Episcopal Church, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	2,402 94	3,507 75	1,380 70
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	.....	.....	.....	2,019 16	149 00	2,035 30
Shepherd's Fold of the City of New York	1,021 44	.....	381 83	5,000 00	1,203 80	192 00
Silver Cross Day Nursery, New York	1,711 80	.....	.....	.....	298 25	688 16
Sisters' Home and Training School for Children, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sisters of the Third Order of St. Dominic, New York	5,724 18	.....	.....	55,537 49	697 00	.....
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	1,602 20	.....	.....	1,024 92	283 00	.....
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton	64 50	.....	10,986 53	.....	1,267 75	49,892 63
Society for the Relief of Half-Orphan and Destitute Children, New York	29,638 08	.....	.....	.....	427 75	29,473 92
Society for the Relief of Respectable, Aged, Indigent Females, Brooklyn	47,604 26	.....	.....	.....	5,590 00	24,707 23
Society of St. Johnland, King's Park, L. I.	1,010 65	.....	.....	733 07	5,100 87	1,487 75
Society of St. Martha, New York	10,580 83	.....	.....	.....	7,520 54	3,924 50
Southern Tier Orphan's Home, Elmira	23 87	.....	.....	.....	893 22	430 75
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank	604 43	.....	2,119 60	10 57	390 80	986 09
Sunnyside Day Nursery, New York	316 52	.....	2,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton	258 15	.....	.....	250 00	225 79	11,949 32
Swiss Benevolent Society of New York	.....	.....	13,348 55	91 00	.....	300 00
	68 58	.....	.....	200 00	.....	7,126 99

Syracuse Home Association.....	1,275 14	275 57	1,842 65	2,355 53	5,937 57
Syrian Society of the City of New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	512 17
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola.....	1,605 42	.....	.....	4,833 00	806 53
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Anchorage, Elmira.....	5 32	.....	.....	44 25	1,185 89
The Rabies Shelter of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York.....	3,979 46	.....	.....	825 80	181 50
The Home, Ithaca.....	28 36	251 00	30 00	880 75	800 16
The Lathrop Memorial, Albany.....	1,784 27	.....	.....	1,615 70	.....
Training School and Home for Young Girls, Brooklyn.....	234 09	673 50	63 13	299 49	455 23
Trinity Chapel Home, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum.....	210 34	4,278 14	17,887 29	.....	80 55
Troy Orphan Asylum.....	2,994 42	1,496 53	6,401 59	819 34	1,406 48
Utica Orphan Asylum.....	355 41	8,676 21	.....	1,852 25	2,854 49
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie.....	1,644 42	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vilas Home for Old Ladies, Plattsburgh.....	844 96	.....	.....	.....	.....
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson.....	351 10	413 97	.....	.....	5,604 23
Warburg Home for Aged and Infirm, East New York.....	636 95	.....	.....	4,844 00	930 00
Warburg Orphan Farm School, Mount Vernon.....	3,249 00	.....	.....	.....	14,907 00
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli-on-Hudson.....	17 00	.....	.....	.....	4,141 59
Wayside Day Nursery, New York.....	641 41	2,044 45	432 74	.....	3,974 85
Wayside Home, Brooklyn.....	534 43	.....	.....	.....	515 53
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship-Builders, Fordham Heights.....	426 34	.....	.....	.....	28,458 04
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York.....	548 07	1,000 00	.....	.....	2,611 25
Western New York Home, Randolph.....	.....	11,923 61	.....	8,835 78	8,975 63
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains.....	227 58	.....	.....	333 23	3,138 24
Willson Industrial School for Girls, New York.....	209 84	.....	600 00	.....	12,898 30
Wyoming Benevolent Institute, Genesee Falls.....	614 38	.....	.....	.....	363 30
Total.....	\$836,305 68	\$453,897 52	\$1,942,509 34	\$339,779 46	\$1,519,940 83

• From School Fund.

TABLE No. 19 — (Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	From in- terest and dividends on invest- ments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other in- vestments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.....	\$3,118 29	.....	.....	\$1,742 70	\$8,967 74
Albany Orphan Asylum.....	5,157 55	\$0,600 00	\$4,000 00	.....	69,780 86
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York.....	843 00	.....	.....	16,989 56	112,824 81
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	1,515 15	15,591 83
Association for the Relief of Respectable, Aged, Indigent Females, New York.....	27,006 28	45,000 00	.....	.....	120,782 10
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo.....	.....	.....	.....	13,876 75	22,195 08
Asylum of the Sisters of St. Dominic, Blauveltville.....	.....	.....	3,444 54	.....	44,865 50
Auburn Orphan Asylum.....	.....	.....	.....	1,791 63	8,744 29
Baptist Home, Brooklyn.....	1,937 80	.....	.....	.....	52,676 51
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York.....	2,474 43	.....	.....	4,089 45	23,543 18
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York, West Farms.....	750 00	.....	2,986 66	105 00	8,590 47
Berachah Orphanage, New York.....	.....	.....	6,000 00	2,537 52	13,142 29
Bethany Lodging House for Homeless Women, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bethlehem Orphan and Half-Orphan Asylum, College Point, N. Y.....	.....	.....	.....	1,531 23	7,594 11
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People.....	291 98	1,000 00	.....	2,000 00	9,635 94
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children.....	1,979 40	.....	.....	6,632 06	55,267 08
Brooklyn Industrial School Association, E. D.....	.....	1,231 36	.....	1,740 70	28,091 57
Brooklyn Nursery and Infant's Hospital.....	22 63	.....	.....	590 63	17,542 86
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York.....	106 81	.....	.....	.....	7,110 23
Buffalo Deaconess' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church.....	.....	.....	.....	23 55	1,780 01
Buffalo Orphan Asylum.....	11,257 70	.....	.....	.....	44,825 59
Burnham Industrial Farm, Canaan.....	.....	23,300 00	.....	4,850 44	\$23,957 15
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn.....	5,641 69	11,315 00	.....	.....	37,461 70
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York.....	4,544 85	10,000 00	.....	4,483 51	31,320 87
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo.....	6,453 43	.....	.....	.....	12,563 65
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, Brooklyn.....	3,672 53	1,200 00	.....	.....	36,345 79
Children's Aid Society, Buffalo.....	132 00	.....	.....	4,441 74	5,133 79
Children's Aid Society, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	218,604 83	347,047 21
Children's Fold, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,375 85
Children's Friend Society, Albany.....	1,015 99	.....	.....	.....	2,078 95
Children's Home, Amsterdam.....	54 00	.....	.....	.....	2,474 17
Children's Home, Newburgh.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,227 64
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn.....	4,974 53	.....	.....	.....	32,156 93
Church Home of the City of Troy.....	1,607 50	.....	.....	.....	3,434 80
Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, New York.....	12,216 99	.....	.....	8,574 85	63,842 29
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	17,908 43	16,647 33	56,379 11
Cortland Home for Aged Women, Homer.....	56 19	.....	.....	153 11	1,499 53

Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Chappaqua.....	13,908 06	13,960 00	.....	.....	7,077 55
Davenport Home for Female Orphan Children, Bath.....	8,804 38	.....	.....	.....	29,532 08
Day Home, Troy.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,070 04
Day Star Industrial Home for Friendless and Destitute Women, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Deborah Powers' Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh.....	1,545 27	450 00	.....	80	.....
Door of Hope, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,975 18
Elgith Ward Mission, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,317 85
Elmira Industrial School Association.....	.....	.....	.....	2,525 30	2,957 39
Evangelical Home for Aged Germans, Brooklyn.....	70 65	.....	.....	1,567 25	8,344 91
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo.....	583 61	.....	.....	424 51	13,515 46
Fairview Home for Friendless Children, West Troy.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,885 68
Five Points' Home of Industry, New York.....	2,952 73	450 00	6,500 00	25 69	17,032 18
Five Points' Mission, New York.....	.....	4,000 00	6,000 00	.....	126,401 94
Florence Crittenton Home, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	140,806 30	147,082 69
Florence Crittenton Mission, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	1,981 60	1,981 60
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York.....	281 00	.....	.....	618 02	10,085 62
Gallaudet Home for Aged and Infirm Deaf-Mutes, Poughkeepsie.....	307 55	.....	.....	.....	4,149 55
German Evangelical Church Home, Buffalo.....	584 47	75 00	.....	5,042 90	6,967 14
German Evangelical Lutheran Orphan Asylum, Syracuse.....	.....	.....	4,000 00	102 00	4,877 39
German Masonic Home, Tappan.....	300 00	.....	.....	138 10	5,564 20
German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphanage, Unionport.....	426 01	1,820 12	.....	9,736 91	10,080 69
German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Buffalo.....	.....	.....	.....	354 49	11,597 93
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale.....	5,075 51	17,553 75	.....	214 22	22,388 21
Greenpoint Home for the Aged, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,702 97
Gustavus Adolphus Orphans' Home, Jamestown.....	.....	.....	.....	577 89	2,065 19
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society, New York.....	20,160 31	45,025 00	48,500 00	179 91	7,251 64
Hebrew Infant Asylum, New York.....	66 95	.....	.....	23,125 86	267,340 56
Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn.....	483 78	.....	.....	.....	0,984 22
Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society of New York.....	92 43	.....	.....	10,111 28	49,549 10
Helping Hand of Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	94,129 50
Helping Hand Mission, Troy.....	.....	.....	.....	1,181 57	2,013 59
Henry Keep Home, Watertown.....	.....	.....	533 07	.....	.....
Hiram Beats' Memorial Home for Children, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	14,577 45	15,700 52
Home for Aged Men, Albany.....	1,541 16	4,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Home for Aged Men, Brooklyn.....	24 00	1,248 16	.....	.....	11,167 02
Home for Aged Men, Utica.....	1,172 28	10,864 14	.....	8,497 00	11,807 48
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36,391 74
Home for the Aged, Elmira.....	1,287 10	.....	.....	1,383 50	.....
Home for the Aged, Hudson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,694 45
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York.....	750 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York.....	980 72	.....	63,000 00	2,000 00	3,894 20
Home for the Aged and Infirm of Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, Yonkers.....	.....	.....	.....	1,005 82	116,569 53
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,953 76
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,590 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....	5,200 00	21,068 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	2,000 00	53,282 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,306 00
Home for the Blind, New York.....	5,791 15	82,000 00	.....	1,490 11	52,887 19
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	1,061 72	11,619 37
Home for the Friendless, Auburn.....	1,102 82	5,600 00	.....	250 00	26,928 15
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo.....	4,837 08	1,420 00	.....	78 75	24,908 53

TABLE No. 19 — (Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	From in- terest and dividends on invest- ments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other in- vestments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand.
Home for the Friendless, Lockport.....	\$2,000 89	\$835 91	.....	\$108 01	\$9,828 97
Home for the Friendless, Newburgh.....	2,919 41	.....	.....	28 75	4,250 30
Home for the Friendless, Rochester.....	2,318 64	.....	\$200 00	23 00	12,670 75
Home for the Friendless, Schenectady.....	2,487 50	1,075 00	.....	35 90	4,857 12
Home for the Friendless of Northern New York, Plattsburgh.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,106 55
Home of the Good Shepherd, Saratoga.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,084 41
Home for the Homeless, Oswego.....	.....	.....	.....	246 78	6,024 27
Home for the Homeless in the city of Utica.....	5,757 88	6,300 00	.....	240 89	17,010 99
Home of Industry, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....	15,283 64	15,283 74
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York.....	6,111 85	87,500 00	2,500 00	.....	55,109 66
House of the Good Shepherd and St. Ann's School of Industry, Albany.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	3,715 25
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton.....	316 24	.....	.....	445 32	2,251 46
House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....	38,497 00	76,791 20
House of the Good Shepherd, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	48,012 82	112,903 61
House of the Good Shepherd, Utica.....	1,743 22	.....	.....	12 75	5,599 26
House of Industry, Poughkeepsie.....	378 74	.....	.....	788 06	2,449 55
House of Industry and Refuge for Discharged Convicts, New York.....	.....	.....	39 72	617 86	2,449 50
House of Mercy, New York.....	41 67	.....	.....	8,583 89	30,904 43
House of Nazareth, White Plains.....	.....	.....	.....	34,750 33	53,871 73
House of Shelter, Albany.....	.....	1,232 08	.....	40 94	3,466 09
Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	258 55	15,833 07
Howard Mission, New York.....	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	32,378 50
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association.....	4,146 38	9,500 00	.....	.....	18,145 69
Industrial Home of Kingston.....	.....	.....	.....	350 44	3,701 25
Industrial School of Rochester.....	3,069 28	2,200 00	.....	1,015 39	30,340 33
Industrial School of the Sisters of Mercy, Rochester.....	.....	.....	.....	874 50	5,337 50
Inebriates' Home, Fort Hamilton, L. I.....	3,706 23	20,308 76	.....	17,086 90	104,499 63
Ingliside Home, Buffalo.....	479 93	673 75	.....	844 98	7,291 17
Institution of Mercy, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	1,002 92	94,979 94
Isabella Holmuth, New York.....	14,564 93	.....	.....	.....	22,982 75
Isaac T. Hopper Home, New York.....	4,044 82	6,250 00	.....	4,851 00	18,083 79
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Watertown.....	1,142 83	489 00	.....	228 34	7,053 49
Jewish Orphan Asylum of Western New York, Rochester.....	2,225 43	.....	.....	81	7,543 61
Ladies' Deborah Nursery and Childs' Protectory, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42,914 96
Leake and Watts' Orphan Asylum, Yonkers.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lisa Day Nursery, New York.....	90 23	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison County Orphan Asylum, Peterboro.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,032 14
Magdalen Benevolent Society, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,801 00
Margaret Strachan Home for Fallen Women, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	2,908 07	16,054 83
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,677 49

TABLE No. 19 —(Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	From in- terest and dividends on invest- ments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other in- vestments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand.
Wayside Home, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....	\$998 97	\$4,526 17
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship-Builders, Fordham Heights.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,884 88
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York.....	\$199 16	\$1,897 50	.....	822 15	6,078 18
Western New York Home, Randolph.....	67 78	.....	.....	314 94	19,194 11
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains.....	.....	.....	\$3,192 59	2,722 27	21,542 57
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York.....	2,319 64	.....	.....	1,160 00	17,267 68
Wyoming Benevolent Institute, Genesee Falls.....	11 88	.....	.....	21 00	1,010 04
Total	\$431,835.78	\$798,506 89	\$382,447 57	\$1,262,639 63	\$8,312,353 61

† Of this, \$35,000 is mortgage on new building. ‡ Derived from rentals, interest on investments, and contributions. § As reported.
* * \$4,000 for sale of property.

St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo.....					2,974 18	10,579 24
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy					2,800 96	21,167 19
St. Vincent's Home for Boys, Brooklyn.....					951 89	4,382 89
St. Vincent's Industrial School, Utica.....					8,578 14	26,638 08
St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo.....					1,908 96	15,409 96
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany.....						18,060 17
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women, New York.....					1,788 00	2,468 00
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, New York.....					1,824 68	9,824 19
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.....	19,680 97			845,305 23	2,846 96	442,015 91
Samaritan Home for Aged Men and Women, New York.....	2,023 69				3,238 96	12,412 45
Saratoga Home for Children.....						2,062 23
Sheltering Arms, New York.....	8,157 74				1,484 93	35,711 99
Sheltering Arms Nursery, Protestant Episcopal Church, Brooklyn	1,559 09				583 24	11,216 58
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse.....					434 71	4,970 00
Shepherd's Fold of the City of New York						7,440 24
Silver Cross Day Nursery, New York.....	31 55				1,314 00	4,046 94
Sisters' Home and Training School for Children, New York						
Sisters of the Third Order of St. Dominic, New York.....					2,343 78	66,872 45
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children Brooklyn	598 92				1,225 42	9,226 78
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca.....					1,789 42	63,400 92
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton	5,700 51				2,983 00	65,255 26
Society for the Relief of Half-Orphan and Destitute Children, New York.....	10,792 99				1,908 45	90,602 98
Society for the Relief of Respectable, Aged, Indigent Females, Brooklyn.....	4,200 17					12,598 51
Society of St. Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.....	4,980 83			24,964 91	7,628 01	59,599 62
Society of St. Martha, New York.....					1,832 39	3,180 28
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira.....	185 79			1,400 00		5,686 98
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank.....					41 54	2,858 06
Sunnyside Day Nursery, New York	61 00				8,720 75	16,457 01
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton	85 95				707 06	14,532 55
Swiss Benevolent Society of New York	225 00			976 25		8,596 76
Syracuse Home Association	2,488 55			4,550 00	43 00	18,769 00
Syrian Society of the City of New York						586 00
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola	123 02				369 77	9,588 02
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Alliance, New York.....						
The Anchorage, Elmira.....						
The Babies Shelter of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York						
The Home, Ithaca.....	1,294 60				38,490 18	1,234 96
The Lathrop Memorial, Albany.....	1,226 22					41,721 93
Training School and Home for Young Girls, Brooklyn	5,000 00					2,266 49
Trinity Chapel Home, New York.....	2 89					8,399 97
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum					327 89	2,744 17
Trov Orphan Asylum						
Utica Orphan Asylum.....					11,981 93	34,388 29
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie	6,167 42				3,227 82	36,978 98
Villas Home for Old Ladies, Plattsburgh.....	7,703 46				46 65	21,048 50
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	4,643 48					6,287 90
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, East New York.....	2,823 00					8,167 96
Wartburg Orphan Farm School, Mount Vernon					5,709 45	11,604 78
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli-on-Hudson					239 25	7,154 17
Wayside Day Nursery, New York	12 00					19,246 00
					945 97	4,158 59
						5,574 88

TABLE No. 19 —(Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	From in- terest and dividends on invest- ments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other in- vestments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand.
Wayside Home, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....	\$998 97	\$4,526 17
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship-Builders, Fordham Heights.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,884 38
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York.....	\$199 16	\$1,897 50	.....	823 15	6,078 13
Western New York Home, Randolph.....	67 78	.....	.....	314 94	19,194 11
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains.....	.....	.....	\$3,192 59	2,722 27	21,542 57
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York.....	2,319 64	.....	.....	1,160 00	17,267 68
Wyoming Benevolent Institute, Genesee Falls.....	11 86	.....	.....	21 00	1,010 04
Total	\$431,835.78	\$798,506 39	\$382,447 57	\$1,262,639 68	\$8,312,353 61

† Of this, \$35,000 is mortgage on new building. ‡ Derived from rentals, interest on investments, and contributions. § As reported.
* * \$4,000 for sale of property.

TABLE No. 20.—(*Continued*).

+ Of this sum over \$150,000 was paid to out-door nurses.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Year	1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100
1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	
1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	
1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	
1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	
1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093								

No. 21.

and homes for the friendless, and the changes during the year ending 30, 1895.

DISCHARGED.							REMAINING OCTOBER 1, 1895.				
Returned to parents or guardians.	Left without permission.	Transferred to other institu- tions.	Sent out of the State.	Otherwise dis- charged.	Died.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Boys under 16 years.	Girls under 16 years.	Total.
.....	2	5	7	.....	38	.....	.....	38
118	1	.....	10	198	.....	.....	335	167	502
166	7	.....	19	10	245	.....	20	85	87	192
98	188	1	33	1	314	.....	50	1	16	67
.....	6	6	.....	87	.....	.....	87
46	2	.....	18	1	62	.....	106	.....	45	151
73	5	77	.....	.....	87	346	433
32	5	5	2	44	.....	.....	62	68	125
.....	4	4	8	48	.....	.....	51
.....	9	9	10	72	.....	.....	82
.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	2
4	5	.....	9	.....	.....	30	26	56
.....
21	6	1	28	.....	.....	50	39	89
.....	2	2	3	23	.....	.....	26
145	19	1	..	18	3	209	.....	.....	244	168	412
116	2	.....	5	144	.....	.....	127	113	240
44	1	4	....	134	76	268	.....	38	40	53	181
.....
.....	1	2	.....	1	4	.....	10	.....	.....	10
144	5	27	.....	20	8	226	.....	.....	63	60	123
81	3	1	2	4	.....	41	.....	.....	41	.....	41
29	1	.....	.....	1	36	.....	.....	49	37	86
.....	2	6	8	16	41	.....	.....	57
9	2	.....	11	2	10	45	38	95
.....
.....
.....
78	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	79	.....	.....	97	61	158
.....
10	14	.....	.....	17	9	26
22	6	4	.....	3	.....	54	.....	.....	15	10	25
27	1	.....	.....	9	37	4	51	51	50	156
.....	2	2	.....	10	.....	.....	10
44	3	3	69	.....	.....	180	128	308
171	8	2	181	.....	33	.....	459	542
.....	1	.....	1	.....	9	.....	.....	9
61	4	65	.....	.....	10	6	16
2	1	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	66	66
.....
.....
.....	2	1	3	.....	9	.....	.....	9
6	5	15	4	246	8	279	.....	20	.....	1	21
2	1	.....	3	.....	.....	14	.....	14
.....
.....	4	32	36	89	140	.....	.....	229
12	12	.....	.....	47	45	92
39	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	64	.....	.....	77	35	112
147	2	12	13	83	6	263	.....	20	122	130	272
.....
4	11	24	16	64	.....	119	.....	18	.....	.....	18

(Continued).

DISCHARGED.							REMAINING OCTOBER 1, 1895.				
Returned to parents or guardians.	Left without permission.	Transferred to other insti- tutions.	Sent out of the State.	Otherwise dis- charged.	Died.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Boys under 16 years.	Girls under 16 years.	Total.
81	55	54	35	141	1	317	.....	35	.....	.....	35
18	6	.....	61	.....	80	.....	.....	.....	29	29
.....	1	.....	.....	1	2	9	14	.....	.....	23
.....	1	.....	3	2	6	16	10	.....	.....	26
6	2	2	.....	10	.....	.....	8	11	19
.....	5	1	8	11	8	.....	.....	19
.....	5	5	16	49	26	7	7	89
116	2	155	.....	.....	113	82	195
.....	8	3	.....	15	.....	.....	15
4	6	.....	10	.....	.....	43	35	78
120	4	1	.....	16	.....	141	.....	.....	424	274	698
1	1	.....	2	.....	4	.....	.....	7	13	19
51	2	.....	.....	1	54	.....	.....	151	108	259
305	2	307	.....	.....	488	296	784
.....
.....	2	2	4	27	.....	.....	31
.....	5	5	87	.....	.....	.....	87
.....	10	10	51	.....	.....	.....	51
.....	5	5	32	7	.....	.....	39
.....
.....	1	2	3	.....	19	.....	.....	19
.....
1	2	.....	3	3	9	.....	17	.....	.....	17
.....	2	.....	5	20	39	68	95	.....	.....	163
.....	2	9	11	46	21	.....	.....	67
.....	22	21	43	65	81	.....	.....	146
.....	4	.....	.....	3	32	39	120	112	.....	.....	232
.....	3	.....	36	101	140	245	270	.....	.....	515
.....	5	2	.....	20	60	87	94	111	.....	.....	205
1	2	.....	.....	1	4	29	35	.....	.....	64
80	44	.....	153	.....	277	.....	56	.....	2	58
.....	3	3	.....	21	.....	.....	21
19	15	27	18	47	5	126	.....	73	.....	.....	78
26	2	.....	20	4	56	.....	.....	18	15	33
20	2	1	.....	4	.....	31	.....	.....	20	18	38
.....	6	6	.....	53	.....	.....	52
.....	1	2	3	.....	12	.....	.....	12
6	1	.....	3	.....	13	.....	7	20	14	41
.....	4	.....	4	.....	14	.....	1	15
.....	3	3	.....	18	.....	.....	18
.....	6	6	.....	58	.....	.....	58
.....	98	1	99	23	.....	.....	.....	23
.....	2	6	8	23	11	.....	.....	34
9	1	2	12	.....	12	.....	39	51
.....	1	1	.....	10	.....	.....	10
33	4	.....	194	5	236	.....	344	.....	153	487
166	128	22	316	.....	501	.....	422	923
8	1	3	3	.....	17	.....	8	19	20	47
.....
.....	9	1	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	5	.....	15	2	60	.....	115	.....	21	136
28	11	.....	3	12	104	4	25	64	218	311
23	7	4	4	42	1	81	.....	12	4	2	18
50	2	2	.....	.....	1	59	.....	.....	72	54	126
.....
4	6	.....	3	.....	15	.....	.....	32	27	59
7	8	9	7	1	27	.....	.....	25	19	44

TABLE
Showing the receipts of hospitals for

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Octo- ber 1, 1894.	From appropria- tions by boards of supervisors.	From appropria- tions by cities.
1.....	\$187 20		\$2,311 88
.....	1,772 94	\$388 88	2,882 71
.....	1,088 71	280 00	2,368 71
Men and Boys, Verbank	388 88		
Imira.....	175 98	958 00	4,917 88
.....	264 65		1,455 78
.....	5,688 84	45 14	2,885 71
York.....	447 88		4,388 88
y, New York.....	149 80		188 88
.....	2,368 64		1,888 88
.....	510 64		2,885 11
.....	251 88	5,367 91	
.....	1,101 80		5,888 88
.....	638 61	5,414 81	5,888 88
ospital.....	3,638 88	1,133 88	4,818 73
.....			4,382 88
.....	480 81	37,438 34	
.....	8,146 40		
ty.....	10,202 79		
.....	98 02		
.....	19 11		
clinic Dispensary, Brook- lyn.....	120 00		5,000 00
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Buffalo.....			
Children's Hospital of Buffalo.....	3,916 28		2,382 96
Child's Hospital, Albany.....	1,886 82		1,388 88
Church Home and Hospital, Geneva.....	6,728 18		
City of Kingston Hospital.....	5,791 13		
Colored Home and Hospital, New York.....	5,910 84		17,881 88
Columbus Hospital in the City of New York.....	1,543 53		
Cortland Hospital Association, Cortland.....	29 73	250 10	
Eastern District Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn, E. D.....	6,221 75		6,826 28
Faxton Hospital, Utica.....	322 92		
Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo.....			
Flagler Hospital, Lockport.....			500 00
Flushing Hospital, Flushing, L. I.....	836 04	1,525 00	
German Hospital and Dispensary, New York.....	4,700 36		
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn.....			
Hahnemann Homoeopathic Hospital, Rochester.....			
Hahnemann Hospital, New York.....	12,733 47		
Helping Hand Hospital, Peckskill.....	6,355 76	19 29	445 30
Highland Hospital, Matteawan.....	314 82	642 00	
Home for Incurables, Fordham.....	25,390 53		
Homoeopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn.....	288 27		
Homoeopathic Hospital, Buffalo.....	824 74	738 08	4,774 94
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady.....	1,070 18		1,880 88
Hospital of the French Benevolent Society, New York.....	970 30		200 88
Hospital of the House of the Good Shepherd, Syracuse.....	1,157 14	909 67	2,120 88
Hospital of the Italian Home Association, New York.....	27 70		250 88
Hospital for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, New York.....	84,816 00		27,286 28
House of the Annunciation for Crippled and Incurable Children, New York.....	402 96		
House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown.....	5 43		
House of the Holy Comforter, New York.....	828 84		
House of St. Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn.....	5 51		2,342 64
Ithaca City Hospital.....	911 87		
Jamaica Hospital, Jamaica, L. I.....	2,731 54		
J. Ross Wright Memorial Hospital, New York.....	110 16		500 88
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children, New York.....	1,319 06		
Lebanon Hospital, New York.....	1,086 51		
Leonard Hospital, Lansingburgh.....			
Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn.....			5,732 38
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary, Brooklyn.....	192 70		4,165 73
Locus Sanitarium for Consumptives, New York.....			
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and vicinity, East New York.....		1,314 95	1,300 88
McDonough Memorial Hospital Association, New York.....			
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York.....	2,244 08		200 88
Marshall Infirmary, Troy.....	402 70	1,408 85	1,988 70
Medical and Surgical Hospital, Geneva.....	4,535 46		

TABLE No. 23 —

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Octo- ber 1, 1894.	From appropria- tions by boards of supervisors.	From appropria- tions by cities.
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie.....	\$29,917 48	.....	.....
Westchester Free Hospital.....	.....	.....	.....
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown.....	.....	\$68 98	\$158 00
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York.....	88,040 86	.....	.....
Total.....	\$556,179 54	\$68,510 75	\$272,044 00

*Of this sum \$4,339.87 was from dues of members.

**Of this sum 23,019.23 was from the estate
conform to the fiscal

TABLE No. 24.
Showing the expenditures of hospitals for the year ending September 30, 1895.

INSTITUTIONS.	For Indebtedness	
Albany City Homoeopathic Hospital
Albany Hospital
Albany Hospital for Incurables
All Saints Convalescent Home for Men and Boys, Verbank.
Amsterdam City Hospital
Arnot-Ogden Memorial Hospital, Elmira
Astoria Hospital, Long Island City
Auburn City Hospital
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York.
Beth Israel Hospital and Dispensary, New York
Binghamton City Hospital
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives.
Brooklyn Homoeopathic Hospital
Brooklyn Hospital
Brooklyn Maternity and Child's Hospital.
Brooklyn Throat Hospital
Brunswick Home, Amityville
Buffalo General Hospital
Buffalo Hospital of Sisters of Charity
Buffalo Woman's Hospital.
Bushwick Hospital, Brooklyn
Central Throat Hospital and Polyclinic Dispensary, Brooklyn.
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Buffalo.
Children's Hospital of Buffalo
Child's Hospital, Albany
Church Home and Hospital, Geneva.
City of Kingston Hospital
Colored Home and Hospital, New York
Columbus Hospital in the City of New York
Cortland Hospital Association, Cortland.
Eastern District Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn, E. D.

TABLE No. 25.

Showing the number of patients treated in the hospitals, and the results, during the year ending September 30, 1895.

TABLE No. 25 — (*Concluded*).

*Not yet open to patients.

TABLE No. 26.

Showing the value of the property of dispensaries, and their indebtedness, September 30, 1895.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total	INDEBTEDNESS.		
				Real.	Personal.	Total.
Albany City Homeopathic Dispensary *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany Hospital Dispensary *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary, Brooklyn.	\$1,400 00	.....	\$1,400 00	.....	.....	.....
Bedford Dispensary, Brooklyn.	18,000 00	.....	13,000 00	\$5,000 00	.....	\$5,000 00
Bloomingtondale Clinic, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	15,000 00	.....	15,000 00	5,000 00	.....	5,000 00
Brooklyn City Dispensary.	8,000 00	\$14,600 00	22,600 00	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary	1,100 00	5,000 00	6,100 00	.....	\$2,000 00	2,000 00
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	5,600 00	1,350 00	6,950 00	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary, E. D.	17,000 00	.....	17,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Homeopathic Hospital Dispensary *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Orthopedic Infirmary †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo City Dispensary.	.....	1,858 54	1,858 54	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary	.....	1,000 00	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central Homeopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	20,000 00	1,307 03	21,307 03	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00
Church Hospital and Dispensary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York.	2,250 00	.....	2,250 00	.....	125 00	125 00
Columbus Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	750 00	750 00
DeWitt Dispensary, New York	365 00	.....	365 00	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Beth-Israel Hospital, New York *	45,000 00	114,784 53	159,784 53	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary Department of the Eastern District Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D. *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the French Benevolent Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the German Hospital, New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Italian Home Association, New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Lebanon Hospital Association, New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Memorial Hospital, Brooklyn *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Brooklyn *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of Mt. Sinai Hospital, New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Homeopathic Medical College and Hospital *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Union-square Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York.....	200 00	.....	200 00	.....	.....	3,477 29	3,477 29
Trinity Dispensary of Trinity Church Association, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Twenty-sixth Ward Homoeopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn.....	98 90	.....	98 90	.....	.....	27 40	27 40
Utica Dispensary.....	5,000 00	.....	5,000 00	.....	.....	210 85	210 85
Vanderbilt Clinic, New York.....	200,000 00	.....	215,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side German Dispensary, New York.....	53,000 00	.....	53,000 00	.....	15,000 00	.....	15,500 00
West Side Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$831,663 90	\$884,762 23	\$1,716,426 12	\$77,500 00	\$8,856 45	\$86,356 45	

*Finances with Hospital.

+Finances with Brooklyn Hospital.

‡Maintained by Charity Organization Society.

TABLE

Showing the receipts of dispensaries for

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1894.	From appropriations by board of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities.
Albany City Homœopathic Dispensary.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany Hospital Dispensary.....	.....	.....	.....
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary, Brooklyn.....	\$2,413 60	.....	\$1,500 00
Bedford Dispensary, Brooklyn.....	1,200 78	\$166 58	1,500 00
Bloomington Clinic, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Central Dispensary.....	1,010 40	.....	3,150 38
Brooklyn City Dispensary.....	528 41	.....	2,138 37
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary.....	536 30	.....	2,321 30
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary.....	604 10	.....	1,500 00
Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary, E. D.....	1,937 64	.....	2,006 52
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Orthopedic Infirmary.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo City Dispensary.....	808 37	.....	.....
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	.....	1,200 00	.....
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary.....	1,169 54	.....	2,401 53
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn.....	1,552 56	.....	1,887 30
Church Hospital and Dispensary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York.....	177 94	.....	.....
Columbus Dispensary.....	.....	549 50	.....
Demilt Dispensary, New York.....	.....	.....	425 00
Dispensary of the Beth-Israel Hospital, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary Department of the Eastern District Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the French Benevolent Hospital, New York..	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the German Hospital, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Italian Home Association, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Lebanon Hospital Association, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn..	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Memorial Hospital, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Brooklyn..	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of Mt. Sinai Hospital, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital..	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Ophthalmic Hospital.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Polyclinic.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Roosevelt Hospital, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of St. Catherine's Hospital, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Society Lying-In Hospital, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the S. R. Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I.	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the University of the City of New York.....	379 49	.....	.....
East Side Dispensary, New York.....	.....	.....	100 00
Eclectic College Free Dispensary, New York.....	11 00	.....	.....
Fitch Provident Dispensary, Buffalo.....	.....	.....	.....
Free Dispensary of the New York Polyclinic.....	.....	.....	.....
Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn.....	1,090 39	305 09	1,500 00
German Poliklinik of the City of New York.....	585 11	.....	100 00
Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York.....	9,929 24	.....	425 00
Harlem Dispensary.....	1,066 48	.....	325 00
Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary.....	414 85	.....	100 00
Metropolitan Dispensary, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Dispensary and Hospital for Women and Children, Yorkville.....	.....	.....	100 00
New York Dispensary.....	2,589 90	.....	.....
New York Dispensary for Diseases of the Rectum.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital.....	.....	.....	225 00
Northern Dispensary, New York.....	1,540 64	.....	425 00
theastern Dispensary, New York.....	1,946 35	.....	425 00
thwestern Dispensary, New York.....	98 34	.....	425 00

TABLE No. 27—

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Octo- ber 1, 1894.	From appropria- tions by boards of supervisors.	From appropria- tions by cities.
Provident Free Dispensary, Rochester.....	\$12 69	.....	\$222 00
Rochester Homœopathic Free Dispensary.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Elizabeth's Dispensary, Utica.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Albany.....	.....	.....	.....
Southern Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn.....	248 05	\$135 26	1,000 00
Syracuse Free Dispensary.....	15 40	.....	.....
Syracuse Homœopathic Free Dispensary.....	.....	.....	.....
Tompkins Square Homœopathic Dispensary, New York.....	.....	225 00	.....
Trinity Dispensary of Trinity Church Association, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Twenty-sixth Ward Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn....	17 40	.....	25 25
Utica Dispensary.....	.....	.....	.....
Vanderbilt Clinic, New York.....	3,597 31	.....	.....
West Side German Dispensary, New York.....	207 93	.....	225 00
West Side Homœopathic Dispensary, New York.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	\$35,690 21	\$2,581 43	\$24,322 25

(Concluded).

TABLE

Showing the expenditures of dispensaries

Hospital			
Dispensary of the New York Polyclinic			
Dispensary of the Roosevelt Hospital, New York			
Dispensary of St. Catherine's Hospital, Brooklyn			
Dispensary of St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York			
Dispensary of the Society Lying-in Hospital, New York			
Dispensary of the S. R. Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I.			
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital			
Dispensary of the University of the City of New York			1,180 00
East Side Dispensary, New York			956 00
Eclectic College Free Dispensary, New York			130 00
Fitch Provident Dispensary, Buffalo			45 00
Free Dispensary of the New York Polyclinic			6 32 30
Gates Avenue Homoeopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn			975 76
German Poliklinik of the City of New York	495 00		1,493 00
Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York			14,970 00
Harlem Dispensary			664 30
Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary	1,775 00		
Metropolitan Dispensary, New York			
Metropolitan Dispensary and Hospital for Women and Children, Yorkville			45 00
New York Dispensary			14,011 50
New York Dispensary for Diseases of the Rectum			
New York Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin			
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital			12,964 20
Northern Dispensary, New York			4,320 35
Northeastern Dispensary, New York			2,443 51
Northwestern Dispensary, New York			3,050 00
Provident Free Dispensary, Rochester		34 75	34 75
Rochester Homoeopathic Free Dispensary			

TABLE No. 28—



(Concluded).

etc.

TABLE No. 29.

Showing the number of beneficiary patients treated during the year ending September 30, 1895.

INSTITUTIONS.	At the dispensary.	Number of prescriptions prepared.	At their residences.	Number of visits made.	Number of persons vaccinated.
Albany City Homœopathic Dispensary	2,261	2,047	27	47	14
Albany Hospital Dispensary	8,075	5,454	.....	.....	66
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary, Brooklyn	9,187	12,486	519	600	.....
Bedford Dispensary, Brooklyn	11,575	15,464	118	573	125
Bloomingdale Clinic, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	25,239	30,713	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn City Dispensary	10,025	19,409	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary	8,516	160,830	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	6,826	8,043	97	97	8
Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary, E. D.	26,848	26,848	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary ..	11,365	31,012	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Orthopedic Infirmary	451	2,001	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo City Dispensary .....	.....	69	20	.....	.....
Buffalo Ear and Eye Infirmary	2,791	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary	7,749	14,901	1,600	1,600	.....
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn ..	11,047	15,910	797	441	.....
Church Hospital and Dispensary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York	6,431	9,419	535	1,600	.....
Columbus Dispensary, New York	1,553	2,487	.....	.....	.....
Demilt Dispensary, New York	28,206	64,901	5,555	9,302	1,116
Dispensary of the Beth-Israel Hospital, New York ..	12,258	29,118	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary Department of the Eastern District Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D.	17,731	20,589	.....	2,009	.....
Dispensary of the French Benevolent Hospital, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the German Home Hospital, New York ..	82,162	46,446	42	180	.....
Dispensary of the Italian Home Association, New York ..	1,812	3,408	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Lebanon Hospital Association, New York ..	2,519	4,488	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn ..	17,047	15,221	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, New York ..	58	112	1	3	9
Dispensary of the Memorial Hospital, Brooklyn	3,254	7,897	79	231	.....
Dispensary of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Brooklyn ..	3,735	2,506	87	87	.....
Dispensary of Mt. Sinai Hospital, New York	34,753	86,383	.....	.....	173
Dispensary of the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital ..	4,493	17,962	480	1,920	300
Dispensary of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children	12,864	42,171	1,692	11,049	178
Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women ..	2,205	6,378	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Ophthalmic Hospital	15,576	50,980	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute	10,435	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Past Graduate Medical School and Hospital ..	87,706	78,163	469	903	.....
Dispensary of the New York Polyclinic	39,640	31,162	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Roosevelt Hospital, New York	61,826	65,614	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of St. Catherine's Hospital, Brooklyn	9,241	6,559	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York ..	7,101	.....	.....	9,518	.....
Dispensary of the Society Lying-in-Hospital, New York	1,601	.....	1,601	37,015	.....

SUPPLEMENTAL STATISTICAL TABLES.

TABLE "B"—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	By legacies, donations and voluntary contributions.
Sisters of the Third Order of St. Dominic, New York	\$5,724 18	.....	\$55,537 49	\$697 00	.....
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton	26,668 08	.....	.....	497 75	\$39,475 93
Society for the Relief of Half-Orphan and Destitute Children, New York	47,604 26	.....	.....	5,590 00	24,707 93
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira	604 43	\$2,119 60	10 57	380 50	986 09
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank	316 52	2,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton .....	.....	13,343 55	91 00	.....	300 00
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola	1,606 42	.....	.....	4,883 80	396 53
The Lathrop Memorial, Albany	1,734 27	.....	.....	1,615 70	.....
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Versailles	490 17	.....	.....	.....	.....
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum	210 38	4,278 14	17,887 29	.....	80 55
Troy Orphan Asylum	2,994 42	1,496 56	6,891 59	819 34	1,406 48
Ulrica Orphan Asylum	355 44	8,676 21	.....	1,853 25	2,854 49
Wartburg Orphan Farm School, Mount Vernon	3,249 00	.....	.....	.....	14,997 00
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli	17 00	.....	.....	.....	4,141 59
Western New York Home, Randolph .....	.....	1,000 00	.....	8,835 78	8,975 68
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains	227 58	11,933 61	.....	338 23	3,183 34
Total	\$298,105 80	\$518,305 80	\$791,610 67	\$115,181 83	\$523,116 73

St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo						10,579 24
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy						21,167 19
St. Vincent's Industrial School, Utica						28,698 02
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany						12,080 17
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, West Park						9,824 19
Saratoga Home for Children						2,062 23
Sheltering Arms, New York	8,157 74				1,000 00	35,711 99
Sheltering Arms Nursery of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Brooklyn	1,559 09					11,216 58
Shepherd's Fold of the City of New York						7,440 21
Sisters of the Third Order of St. Dominic, New York					2,570 00	66,872 45
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton	5,700 51					65,255 26
Society for the Relief of Half-Orphan and Destitute Children, New York	10,792 99					90,602 93
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira	185 79			1,400 00		5,086 98
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank					41 54	2,858 06
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton	85 95				707 05	14,532 55
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola	124 02				2,309 28	9,588 02
The Lathrop Memorial, Albany	5,000 00					8,399 97
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Versailles						19,661 79
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum					*19,171 62	34,383 29
Troy Orphan Asylum	6,167 42				11,931 93	36,973 93
Utica Orphan Asylum	7,763 46				3,227 82	21,048 50
Wartburg Orphan Farm School, Mount Vernon					46 65	19,246 00
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli						4,158 59
Western New York Home, Randolph	67 70					19,194 11
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains					3,192 59	21,542 57
Total	\$198,541 03	\$158,843 95	\$181,363 86	\$481,489 91	\$3,250,059 57	

* Of this sum \$16,915.32 was received from the State.

Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse.....	.....	1,134 00	1,351 44	540 04	458 27	120 20
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca	1,029 00	285 94	16,024 45	.....	.....	4,303 03
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Anchorage, Elmira.....	125 00	485 28	358 76	5 25	84 28	.....
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson.....	.....	24,300 02	10,606 25	4,724 82	7,353 29	.....
The State Industrial School, Rochester.....	.....	65,898 88	26,199 34	17,936 55	16,306 27	209 63
Wayside Home, Brooklyn	443 00	1,116 89	1,908 09	188 30	373 00	11,156 24
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion .....	.....	10,267 79	5,251 04	727 05	3,733 40	107 37
Total	\$66,704 55	\$300,826 11	\$356,203 09	\$91,237 24	\$95,064 38	\$43,497 51

TABLE "G"—(Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	For ordinary re- pairs.	For buildings and improvements.	For investments.	For all other pur- poses.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sep- tember 30, 1895.
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, New York	\$1,279 98	.....	.....	\$3,599 29	\$15,581 29	\$10 04
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	403 90	\$4,700 00	.....	490 58	21,935 24	259 84
Bethany Lodging House for Homeless Women, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burnham Industrial Farm, Canaan	406 97	3,957 16	.....	1,928 72	24,581 28	.....
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day Star Industrial Home for Friendless and Destitute Women, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Door of Hope, New York	150 00	52 00	.....	980 59	4,933 09	254 76
Florence Crittenton Mission, New York	745 26	.....	.....	2,874 06	10,085 63	.....
Helping Hand of Brooklyn	53 03	.....	.....	979 85	1,922 15	91 44
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	99 56	.....	.....	2,802 97	10,886 11	753 26
House of the Good Shepherd and St. Ann's School of Industry, Albany	1,200 00	300 00	.....	250 00	6,580 00	.....
House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	2,917 57	.....	.....	2,859 32	74,008 38	2,733 82
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	8,990 42	13,494 45	\$15,000 00	5,892 28	110,122 79	2,870 83
House of Mercy, New York	611 05	.....	.....	1,959 19	28,033 09	2,871 34
House of Nazareth, White Plains	1,242 96	10,649 50	.....	4,607 90	37,742 85	16,123 83
House of Shelter, Albany	72 81	.....	800 00	264 87	8,116 99	349 10
Ingleside Home, Buffalo	68 45	.....	550 00	1,478 51	6,736 15	.....
Isaac T. Hopper Home, New York	604 71	.....	11,000 00	1,480 82	17,392 71	746 08
Magdalen Benevolent Society, New York	1,145 31	.....	.....	336 55	10,370 33	6,384 49
Margaret Strachan Home for Fallen Women, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	2,240 68	2,960 68	1,716 81
Midnight Mission, New York	625 45	.....	.....	4,213 67	10,474 93	8,119 64
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shep- herd, Troy	1,185 89	854 00	.....	944 97	26,881 53	15 41
New York Catholic Protectory	87,787 42	.....	.....	22,974 11	297,643 29	9,787 40
New York House of Refuge	8,632 77	87,168 04	.....	20,899 97	168,798 36	4,031 81
New York Juvenile Asylum	5,597 98	.....	35,813 50	11,505 61	165,336 81	10,341 26
Mt. Zita's Home for Friendless Women, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	915 00	2,053 00	405 00
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	212 92	802 02	.....	795 77	4,919 96	.....
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca	746 63	16,667 71	.....	4,086 74	62,683 77	717 15

Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Anchorage, Elmira.....	89 84	.....	.....	.....	1,304 94	.....
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	3,033 31	5,140 60	.....	.....	67,733 85	.....
The State Industrial School, Rochester	4,734 40	21,892 86	.....	.....	213,647 59	7,171 84
Wayside Home, Brooklyn	317 85	.....	.....	.....	4,803 06	809 99
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	297 13	899 50	.....	.....	23,582 38	.....
Total	\$73,273 27	\$115,617 84	\$62,662 50	\$159,509 58	\$1,441,594 71	\$76,913 07

TABLE "K."
Showing the expenditures of homes for the aged for the year ending September 30, 1895.

TABLE "L."
Number of persons supported in the Homes for the aged, and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1895.

Homes for Aged and Inf
Homes for the Aged at
B'rich, Yonkers
Homes for the Aged of t
Homes for the Aged of t
Homes for the Aged of t

TABLE "M."

Showing the estimated value of the property of institutions for the deaf, and their indebtedness, at the close of the year ending September 30, 1895.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.		
				Real.	Personal.	Total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome.....	\$132,500 00	\$5,580 25	\$138,080 25	.....	\$8,600 00	\$8,600 00
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	176,728 73	.....	176,728 73	\$19,500 00	.....	19,500 00
Le Couventulx St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo.....	154,560 00	.....	154,560 00	5,000 00	7,582 00	12,582 00
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	506,000 00	20,000 00	526,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone.....	85,000 00	.....	85,000 00	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Fordham	268,974 00	.....	268,974 00	60,000 00	.....	60,000 00
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	125,000 00	125,000 00	19,000 00	6,000 00	25,000 00
Total	\$1,448,762 73	\$25,580 25	\$1,474,343 98	\$108,500 00	\$32,182 00	\$125,682 00

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